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Victoria Daily Times.

WE make a specialty of Physicians Prescriptions.
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VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1894 No. 116

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
.....47 Government Street.

Salvage Sale

The Salvage Sale at

THE WESTSIDE

Begins at 10 O'Clock on

Monday, 14th May

REMEMBER

AT 10 O'CLOCK.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

WEATHER PROBS

The weather will be fine and every lady in Victoria will be down at our store getting a pair of those nice Oxford Shoes we are selling in tan and black. They are Splendid value.

A. B. ERSKINE,
Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

NOTE—Our Store closes at 7 p.m. during the Summer months.

SOAP! SOAP!

There is no more need of using imported soap. Consumers now have an opportunity of purchasing a home-made article, equal in every respect to any imported soaps. The VICTORIA SOAP CO., have lately put in the most improved machinery and are now turning out first class goods. When you are buying ask your grocer for Findley's Electric, or if you want a soap for flannels get Findley's Borax, which is guaranteed perfectly free from any adulteration and will not injure the most delicate fabric.

CREASE BOUGHT.

OFFICE AND FACTORY, HERALD ST., COR. GOVERNMENT.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

The cheap and vile-smelling matches
That splutter and will not light
Can no more be compared with
E. B. Eddy's matches than a tallow
Candle compares with electric light.

"Telegraph," "Telephone" and "Parlor" matches maintain unquestioned supremacy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper or general servant. Apply 112 Chatham St.

WANTED—By a widow, situation as working housekeeper for young gentlemen. City references. Call or address 41 Kingston street, James Bay. m10-2

DR. A. HUMBER,
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College,
Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

TO THE PUBLIC.

It having been rumored that merchant tailoring firms in Victoria are employing Chinese labor in competition with white labor during these depressed times, we, the undersigned, after making a thorough investigation, are aware that the practice is now general, and we beg to inform the public that we do not and will not employ Chinese labor in the manufacture of our goods.

JOHN CALVERT,
W. D. KINNAIRD,
D. CAMPBELL & CO.,
J. T. BURROWES,
JOHN McCORKALL,
R. J. MATTHEWS,
JOHN McCALLUM, Broad St.
THOS. HOWELL,
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J. W. CREIGHTON,
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S. POTTS.

MONEY

$500,000 to loan at low rates of interest on improved farm and city property, by the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada
Apply to

J. E. CRANE,
Manager for B. C.,
30 Broad Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Parisian	May 19
Allan Line, Mongolian	May 26
Dominion Line, Oregon	May 19
Dominion Line, Sarnia	May 26
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	May 23
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	May 30

From New York.

Cunard Line, Campania	May 19
Cunard Line, Etruria	May 26
White Star, Germanic	May 23
White Star Line, Teutonic	May 30
American Line, Berlin	May 23
American Line, New York	May 30
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Ems	May 29
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Havel	May 29
Anchor Line, Circassia	May 19
Anchor Line, City of Rome	May 23
Red Star Line, Friesland	May 23
Red Star Line, Rhyniand	May 30

Saloon fares from $40 to $80 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $60. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

YACHTING.

THE HETTIE BELLE COMING.

The Hettie Belle was launched at Port Townsend Tuesday by Captain Barneson and she will be newly rigged immediately for the summer cruising. She may be towed to Victoria on Sunday by the Alert, with a view to taking part in the international racing on the Queen's birthday.

THE TURF.

GREY LEG WON.

London, May 10.—In the race for the March stakes, 500 sovereigns, only two entered. It was won by Grey Leg.

ATHLETICS.

CHAMPION HALF-MILER DEAD.

Denver, Colo., May 10.—Walter C. Doclim died here to-day of lung trouble. He was a Princeton graduate and held the world's amateur record for a half mile run, viz., 1m. 54 1-2s.

PERSONAL.

H. W. Wells, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. A. T. Rector, Omaha, Neb.; Mrs. W. P. Shockey, Lincoln, Neb.; T. H. Hudson, Montreal, are staying at the Hotel Victoria.

At the Driard: W. L. Leonard, H. G. Wilson, A. McQueen, R. Mackay, Tripp, G. T. Legg, Vancouver; W. R. Whaler, San Francisco; E. J. Palmer, Chemainus; W. C. Cunningham, Hamilton; B. D. Smalby, Seattle.

A. J. M. Murton, Wellington; A. C. Fraser, Duncan's; Mrs. Smith, R. J. Short, Mrs. J. R. Smith, Capt. Soule, Vancouver; T. D. Conway, Chemainus; J. M. McIntyre, S. S. Costa Rica, are staying at the Oriental.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

LION VERSUS MAN.

Arrangements Made for a Wrestling Match.

WORTHY OF THE ANCIENT COLISEUM

Sandow to Emulate Spartacus—He Will Wrestle With Boone's Fierce Lion, Commodore—The Quadruped Will be Muzzled and Clawless—Conditions of the Struggle.

San Francisco, May 10.—Sandow is to wrestle with the lion Commodore at Boone's arena. A contract to that effect has been made, but the day for the struggle has not been set and the details are yet to be arranged. Commodore is one of the three most ferocious lions in the arena at the fair, and is about as big as Parnell, though not considered as dangerous. He was with Parnell in the attack that the three lions made on Thiennes, their keeper, when he was killed. The plan of the proposed wrestling match is to securely muzzle Commodore and clip his claws before sending him into the arena and then let Sandow seize him and try to throw or hold him. Col. Boone will remain in the cage with the man to subdue the lion if necessary and render any aid that may be required.

THE COMMONWEALERS.

Mr. Maguire's Views Regarding Arid Lands, Irrigation and Single Tax.

Washington, May 10.—Congressman Maguire, when asked regarding the truth of the statement that he knew Commonwealer Kelley and would assist him on reaching Washington, said he knew him as a baseball player. He understood Kelley had a petition which he would present asking government aid to the unemployed by irrigating arid lands. If Kelley brought such a petition, Maguire said he would not only present it but urge its consideration. Maguire added that if the single tax system was adopted there would be no need of people resorting to arid lands for homes. The only difficulty he declared in the way of prosecuting the scheme of irrigation was private monopoly of arid lands, acquired under the desert lands act.

Washington, D. C., May 10.—The senate discussed Allen's Coxey resolution again to-day, but it went over. Hoar declared in the discussion that congress would not be clamored out of its character as American legislators by any mob spirit, no matter whence it came, and he pointed directly at Stewart, who had just spoken.

Runnells, Iowa, May 10.—Some of the Kelleyites have arrived here in boats, and are awaiting Kelley, who is somewhere up the river with stores. It rained last night. The men are in a surly mood to-day and many are denouncing Kelley. One man declared Kelley was a professional beggar.

Pueblo, Colo., May 10.—The industrials succeeded in removing the obstructions at Covington, and are coming east on an engine and six coal cars.

FEAR OF LEPROSY.

Causing a Lively Dispute Down in Louisiana.

New Orleans, La., May 10.—The secretary of war has given permission for the use of Fort Pike as a leper hospital for this state, at the request of the Louisiana representatives for the use of the state and city of New Orleans. Fort Pike stands on a marshy island near the mouth of Lake Pontchartrain, and commanding the rear entrance to New Orleans. The fort has been unoccupied for several years, and as Louisiana desires to establish a lazaretto for the isolation and care of its lepers, several hundred in number, the site was thought a good one on account of its location. The matter however, has stirred up much excitement in the neighboring parishes. On the opposite side of Lake Pontchartrain are several residences from three to ten miles distant. It is said they will be ruined by the proximity of this leper hospital.

Fort Pike is infected with myriads of deer flies and mosquitos, and it is feared these may carry the poison of leprosy to persons outside that colony. It is thought that it would be dangerous for visitors at any of the Lake Pontchartrain pleasure resorts to be bitten by mosquitos which had already been living at the leper colony, a few miles distant. The legislature will be appealed to and asked to refuse to accept the donation of Fort Pike by the federal government.

A Double Suicide.

Webster, Mass., May 10.—Frank and Ezra May, brothers, aged 60 and 62 respectively, farmers, living in North Woodstock, Conn., near the English settlement, were found late on Tuesday night by their hired man in the farm barn, one hanging by the neck to a beam and the other lying on the floor with his throat cut. Both were gasping for breath. The hired man cut down the hanging man and ran for assistance and a physician. The men lived a short time, but were unable to tell why they committed the rash deed. Both were apparently enjoying life, and the only cause given by the neighbors is possible financial trouble. They were unmarried, living on the farm with their sister as housekeeper.

The Bluefields Affair.

Washington, May 10.—A cable dispatch was received at the navy department yesterday from Cptain Watson of the San Francisco, now at Bluefields, in which the American commander reported the fact that he had investigated the death of the American citizen killed at Bluefields at the time of the assumption of control by the Nicaraguan authorities, and added that he demanded prompt action by the authorities in punishing the guilty parties. A cablegram will be sent to Captain Watson to-morrow giving him further instructions, and the navy department expects to hear within short time that its demands upon the Nicaraguan government have been fully complied with. A cable message from Minister Baker was received at the state department to-day, but was not made public. It is understood to refer to the subject covered by Captain Watson in his telegram to the navy department.

EASTERN CANADA.

Steamer Lost—A Pump Company Gone Up the Spout.

Ottawa, May 9.—The Upper Ottawa Improvement Company's steamer Dauntless, one of the finest boats on the upper lakes, has been lost. The crew narrowly escaped. The Dauntless was carried by a current through the Calumet rapids and dashed to pieces on the rocks.

On Tuesday night Hon. Robert Reid and party, of Victoria colony, left Toronto by the Pacific express for North Bay, wher they will join the C. P. R. express for the west. Immediately on reaching the Pacific coast they will sail on the Warrimoo for Australia.

Seven young ladies took the veil at Loretto Abbey, Toronto. They were addressed by Archbishop Walsh.

The Ontario Pump Co., with a capital stock of $45,000 paid up, has gone into voluntary liquidation.

THE WARRIMOO ARRIVES.

There is Little of Public Interest Going Forward at Honolulu.

The steamship Warrimoo, seven days from Honolulu and 22 from Sydney, arrived here at 4:20 this morning after a very pleasant passage all the way from Sydney. She was believed here to be behind time but her officers stated that she was keeping to the schedule as they understood it. They stated that they did not leave Sydney until a day later than the schedule as published here called for them to leave. It is very probable that someone has failed to take the 180th parallel into consideration. The Warrimoo did not encounter a storm throughout the whole passage; in fact, as one of the officers expressed it, "most of the trip could have been made in a row boat." The voyage was without incident. The ship brought the following passengers: From Honolulu—J. M. S. Walker, J. C. Walker, F. H. Whitney, Miss Wright, Mrs. J. R. Easton and two children, H. H. Wells, F. R. Starkey, H. Perry, Mrs. Perry, Mrs. A. Perry and two children, C. B. Sutton, Robert Combe, J. W. Gourier, J. Pritchard, Joana Jesus, N. Heath, E. Lander, Thos. Sisson, W. F. Cox, M. Jorgeson; Mrs. P. Burnett and John A. Regan. From Suva—E. J. Maire, Mr. and Mrs. R. Evers. From Sydney—J. Liken, H. A. Swallowood, J. Richardson, C. P. Kenais, E. B. Wilson, Miss Murray, Mrs. Wenatley, Mrs. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. J. Nielson, Frank Wallock, J. May, J. Johnson, J. Ferguson, R. Kennedy, A. Duncan, Rev. Conder, Mrs. Pearson and maid, Miss Pearson, J. B. Pearson, Rev. R. Maurice, Rev. H. Felix, Mrs. W. Thompson and maid, Mrs. Yale, F. D. Sheldon and G. Ralston. There were 21 in the steerage from Australia and thirteen from Hawaii, making altogether the largest number of passengers ever carried either way. Prominent among the passengers was Governor Wells of Virginia, of whom mention is made elsewhere. R. B. Wilson of the Bank of British Columbia returned from this trip to Australia. Mrs. Thompson and Mrs. Yale are the Melbourne ladies who are ticketed all around the world over the C. P. R. and its connections. The majority of the passengers were ticketed through to eastern and European points and not over ten left the ship here.

The vessel's freight reached a total of one thousand tons, about two hundred tons, including the Sound consignments, was discharged here. The Sound freight will go forward by the City of Kingston to-night. The work of discharging did not consume much time and at ten o'clock the ship left for Vancouver.

All was very quiet at Honolulu, the election of delegates to the constitutional convention on May 2nd passing off without any excitement. The Gazette has this on the registration of voters which shows who participated in the election:

At the last general election held in Feb., 1802, there were, in round numbers, 2800 votes cast in the city of Honolulu. The registration was probably about 700 or 800 more, giving a total of about 3500 possible voters. The numbers now registered is 1507. As the royalists have unanimously abstained from any participation in the convention, it is obvious that these 1500 are all supporters of the provisional government and of annexation. There are 1400 persons in Honolulu otherwise qualified to vote who were unable to register because they had not paid their taxes. A considerable number of these are Portuguese, and there are other foreigners in the list. While the majority of these delinquents are undoubtedly royalists, it is safe to assume that a third, or say 500, are annexationists, if these had been able to vote, the register would have swelled to 2000. Counting the remaining 900 delinquents as royalists, there remains six or seven hundred persons to be accounted for—persons who have paid their taxes, but for some reason have failed to register.

Fifteen members of the special police force were discharged by the government on May 1. That with the appointment of Henry Laws, a strong annexationist, as auditor-general, are two small items of news referring to governmental affairs.

On Thursday, April 27, Ryan, the man who stole the Hawaiian crown jewels, aided by two native prisoners, binds a desperate attempt to escape while at work at the Diamond Head quarry. Ryan brutally assaulted a guard and fired twice at two prisoners who came to the guard's aid.

Liberal Association.

The regular fortnightly meeting of this association will be held to-morrow (Friday) evening at the Philharmonic hall at 8 o'clock. There will be a debate on protection v. free trade. All the members are requested to be present and to bring with them friends who are in sympathy with the Liberal party.

ASQUITH-TENNANT.

Marriage of the Home Secretary This Afternoon.

TO CLEVER MISS MARGOT TENNANT

In St. George's, Hanover Square—A Brilliant Assemblage of the Aristocracy—Bishop of Rochester Ties the Knot—Ten Noble Little Bridesmaids—Hundreds of Costly Gifts.

London, May 10.—The marriage of the Right Hon. H. H. Asquith, secretary of state for the home department, and Miss Margot Tennant, daughter of Sir Charles Tennant, and the original of Benson's remarkable character sketch, "Dodo," was solemnized at half past two this afternoon at St. George's church, Hanover Square. The edifice was crowded with members of the aristocracy.

The Earl of Rosebery and his associates in the cabinet, and a large number of members of the house of lords and commons occupied the front pews. The service was fully choral. The Bishop of Rochester officiated, and was assisted by the Rev. Canon Scott Holland, and Rev. Charles Anderson. The presents numbered several hundred, and were of great value.

The ceremony was a brilliant affair. Ten children of noble families acted as bridesmaids. Mr. Haldane, M. P., was best man.

The Countess of Clarendon died last night.

The Pall Mall Gazette has an interview with Captain Mahan of the cruiser Chicago, in which he declines to discuss the naval programme of Earl Spencer. He expressed the opinion that the naval supremacy of England was more vital now than ever. Captain Mahan expressed his belief that the future of naval warfare rests upon the battleship.

Imperial Parliament.

London, May 10.—In the house to-day it was stated that the instructions given to British and American cruisers in regard to Behring Sea were identical. No power was given to exclude vessels, but to exclude those violating the laws. It was also announced that the agreement with Russia regarding sealing was renewed.

The papers are clamoring for the resignation of Mundella from the cabinet because of his connection with the New Zealand Land Co.

Improved Labor Demand.

London, May 10.—The April reports of the labor department of the government board of trade was issued to-day. It notes an improvement in the demand for labor, and an upward tendency in the rate of wages. Forty-five trades unions with an aggregate membership of 250,000, make returns showing that a fraction under six per cent. of the membership was unemployed at the end of the month, against nearly eight per cent. for 37 unions in January. A technical analysis of prevailing labor condition based upon the general reports of the labor unions, show that about six per cent. is unemployed against nearly ten per cent. in April of last year.

British Official Gratitude.

London, May 10.—At the Minster Union Poor House yesterday one of the inmates William Sutton, celebrated his 108th birthday. Apart from his advanced age his case is noteworthy from the fact that although he has been married three times and is the father of seventeen living children, all of whom in turn have families of their own, he is compelled to end his days as a pauper. The birthday celebration also brings out a caustic reflection upon the gratitude of English people towards their defenders as evidenced in the fact that Sutton served 21 years in the British army, being discharged in 1841. Since then he has received the munificent pension of 18 cents a day, which up to within a year the poor house authorities appropriated toward the cost of his support. Of late, however, by special resolution of the governing board the veteran, who bears the marks of a dozen bullets, has been permitted to retain the pittance for the purpose of snuff and tobacco.

European.

London, May 10.—The government expects a majority of seventeen on the division on the budget.

London, May 10.—The Queen held a drawing room at Buckingham Palace today, at which the wife and daughter of Vice-President Morton were presented.

Munich, May 10.—During a panic in the cathedral at Augsburg, Bavaria, last night, occasioned by a fainting woman, several persons were injured.

Lima, May 10.—General Caceres has been elected president of Peru.

London, May 10.—The British ship Drumcltan, bound for Puget Sound, previously reported ashore, has been examined by surveyors. Her bottom is badly injured and there are no salvage appliances on the spot. She will probably prove a total wreck.

The Situation in Newfoundland.

St. John's, Nfld., May 9.—Sir William Whiteway, the ex-premier of Newfoundland, issued a manifesto to-day on the political situation, proclaiming that the representatives of the people are shamefully and cruelly treated when convicted of bribery and corruption and that the verdicts pronounced against them at the recent trials are most unwarranted. The proclamation has created a great sensation and it is the general opinion that the ex-premier will be arrested and charged with contempt of court.

Convict Binder Twine.

Kingston, Ont., May 10.—The binder twine plant in the penitentiary is now running and turning out two tons a day. About forty convicts are employed under several experts.

ENGLISH ALMSHOUSES.

Lord Aberdare's Report Discloses Some Very Painful Facts.

London, May 10.—The royal commission which has been investigating the question of the relief of the aged poor, met to-day to consider the report prepared by its chairman, Lord Aberdare, who had been appointed a committee of one for that purpose. This is the second report that has been prepared, the first not having proved satisfactory to the radical element of the commission. It developed to-day before Lord Aberdare had concluded that the second report was equally unsatisfactory, and as a result the minority will prepare a report of its own.

Lord Aberdare's report reflects strongly on the lack of humanity manifested in the administration of relief to paupers, and says that the present system is excessively costly in proportion to the service it renders. The report says that the obligation imposed upon laborers who, although married and heads of families, are compelled to set aside a certain sum every week, for the support of their parents, is practically an outrage. The schemes submitted by Hon. Joseph Chamberlain and General Booth, of the Salvation Army, are declared to be unsatisfactory.

The report says that there are thousands of men in the English work-houses who, although unable to do a remunerative week's work, might, with a small pension, and a couple of days' labor each week, especially if they live with their children, be enabled to avoid the stigma of official pauperism.

The minority of the commission takes the ground that the poor laws should be utilized for the relief of persons who have not been convicted of crime and who shrink from the taint of pauperism as inseparable from the poor house. Its report will recommend that there should be a system of relief of government pensions, or the provision of alms-houses as distinct from work-houses, the parish and district council to be entrusted with the selection of persons entitled to such relief.

Both the majority and minority agree that sixty-five years is the limit of age beyond which, as a rule, labor becomes impossible.

ALL GATHERED IN.

A Genuine Surprise for a Party of American Fishers.

Sandusky, O., May 9.—News was received here last night from Kelly's island that while the American steamers Victor and Leroy Brooks were north of Kelly's island and south of Point au Pelee, the latter being Canadian land, the Canadian patrol vessel Petrel came suddenly down, capturing the vessels, their crews and many passengers who were being towed in small boats. The party were fishing for black bass. This is the first time that hook and line fishermen have been molested.

THE LIBERAL PARTY.

Popularity of the Present Government Plainly Shown.

London, May 9.—The National Liberal club gave a reception to the ministry this evening. About every Liberal and Radical of any reputation and influence was among the immense crowd present. The speech of the evening was made by the premier. The government had but a narrow margin of supporters in the house of commons, Lord Rosebery said, and certainly was in a critical position. It was said that a considerable section of the Irish party would vote to-morrow against the ministry. What, however, had any section of Irishmen with the cause of home rule at heart to gain by putting the government in a minority? Such an ill judged policy might arise from a fit of anger, but there was no reason for anger between the government and the Parnellite party. (Hear, hear.) If, on the other hand, the blow should be dealt in cold blood, the government had made up their mind to fight the battle to the end. Whether the majority should be twenty, or ten, or only two, the government would persevere. (Cheers.)

Sir William Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, referred to the reports of his illness. He asked if he looked like a dying man, and added that he never consulted doctors. He was not aware that he was blind or half blind. He did not intend to desert his post.

The other speakers were Lord Herschel, lord chancellor; Right Hon. Campbell Bannerman, secretary of war; Professor Bryce, chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster; Shaw Lefevre, president of the local government board; Harry Fowler, secretary for India; and Sir George Otto Trevelyan, secretary for Scotland.

BEHRING SEA PATROL.

A Hitch in the Arrangements—Small American Fleet.

Port Townsend, May 9.—There is every reason to believe that the commander of the Behring sea patrol fleet, Capt. Clark, of the United States stemer Mohican, has received instructions from the navy department to delay despatching vessels north in quest of illegal sealers. Last week all the vessels were busily engaged in coaling and taking on stores for a long voyage. Shore leave was denied all officers and men, and everything was in readiness to sail at an hour's notice. To-day the whole aspect is changed. The officers and crew were all allowed to come on shore. A general rumor prevails among the fleet that the vessels will not go to sea for two or three weeks. Officers of the cruiser Yorktown profess to have been semi-officially notified to await the arrival of Secretary of the Navy Herbert, who will inspect the fleet, and that then the Yorktown will be ordered to Australia via Honolulu. Capt. Clark will not make a statement for publication.

A naval officer who is quite near Capt. Clark expresses the opinion that since the British government has decided to heartily co-operate with the Americans to suppress sealing except in the manner prescribed in the regulations, and has dispatched two men-of-war north to warn Canadian sealers to comply with the law, the authorities at Washington city have decided that it is unnecessary to send a large fleet north. It is quite possible that four revenue cutters and possibly one naval vessel will be ordered to Behring sea, and the other men-of-war dispatched to southern stations. It is evident something has occurred which has changed the government's programme after concentrating nearly a dozen vessels at this point preparatory to sailing north.

EUROPEAN ECHOES.

Solid Anti-Budget Vote—French Socialists—Irish Steam Service.

London, May 9.—The Parnellites have decided to vote bodily against the second reading of the budget bill. Three or four Liberals intend to abstain from voting and three Nationalists are ill. The government is relying upon a majority of nine votes only. The Conservatives predict that the government will be unable to carry the budget through the committee stage.

The Chronicle advises the immediate calling of a mass meeting of government supporters to decide which of its measures shall be thrown overboard in order that the others may be proceeded with. It appeals to the Liberals to concentrate their energies and rally around the government. Otherwise dissolution is inevitable. The budget bill may, it says, escape defeat by a majority of only ten, followed by a reduced majority, or even a minority, on the clauses.

The Daily Telegraph says: "The government expects a majority of only a dozen. The whole edifice reared on the basis of Welsh dissent, home rule and other demands of discord and the Liberal groups totter to the fall."

The socialist extreme left in the French chambers attempted to defeat the government yesterday afternoon on the question of prosecuting M. Toussaint, the deputy who interfered in the strike of the workmen employed at the Trignac iron works by inciting the men to continue the strike, and who is also accused of insulting the authorities. The committee reported yesterday afternoon against the proposed prosecution on the ground of the immunity of members of the chamber. Premier Casimir Perier insisted upon the prosecution, claiming that public opinion demanded it, and adding that the chamber would encourage agitation and disorder if it supported the committee. M. Millerand, for the socialist members, said the prosecution should be abandoned, but when the matter was put to a vote the deputies supported the government by a vote of 491 to 122. Consequently the government will prosecute M. Touissaint. The socialist members have decided to issue a manifesto protesting against the prosecution.

Justice Williams, in reviewing the public examination of the New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company, endorsed the receiver's strictures of the directors, President James Ferguson, ex-parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, and Rt. Hon. Sir John Gorst, formerly financial secretary of the treasury. The newspapers maintain that Mr. Mundella must resign the presidency of the board of trade, an opinion generally shared in the city.

A young French woman named Cuyet attempted to commit suicide in the Empire theatre in Paris last night. She occupied a seat in the ground circle, and was in full evening dress, and at a certain part of the performance rose and shot herself.

A late dispatch from Olmeutz says that 12,000 miners at Moravian Ostrau and 4,000 in Silesian Ostrau have left work. Yesterday afternoon many of them began marching on the mines owned by the Rothchilds and the Archduke Albrecht, where they expect to call out all the men. The object of the strike is for a fifteen per cent. increase in wages and a reduction of the working day to eight hours.

The tourists who were rescued from the stalactite cave at Lugloch are much improved physically and mentally. Their recovery has been a great deal more rapid than had been expected, and the effects of their suffering will have disappeared entirely in a few days.

The Irish Times says the Ulster steamship company will begin a direct service between Dublin and Canada on June 15, when the steamship Toolin Head will sail from Montreal for Dublin.

American Crops.

Washington City, May 9.—The weather bureau, in its report of weather and crop conditions for the week ended May 7, says: The week was warm and the weather conditions favorable for growing crops in all sections of the country east of the Rocky mountains. The week was cool on the Pacific coast, except over the interior valleys, and heat and dry weather there has proved unfavorable to hay, grain and pastures. There was ample moisture in the spring wheat region and in the states of the Missouri valley. There was a total absence of rain in California, and only light showers on the North Pacific coast. There was a slight deficiency of rainfall in portions of Nebraska, Kansas and Western Texas. In California the season has ben unusually dry, and small grains and pastures have been very much damaged by drouth, but the North Pacific coast states have been more favored, and there has been a slight excess of rainfall over Washington and Oregon.

Peixoto Blames Portugal.

New York, May 9.—The Herald's Montevideo dispatch says: The address of Peixoto at the opening of the Brazilian congress to-day dealt severely with Portugal for the course followed with the officers of the insurgent fleet after their surrender in Rio Janeiro bay. After relating the story of revolution the president's message said that Brazil enjoyed friendly relations with all the world except Portugal, and the strained relations with that country were due to the abuse of the rights of asylum by Capt. Castilho, of the Mindello. The Portuguese were responsible for Capt. Castilho's course, the president declared, and in permitting the escape of the fugitives to other than Portuguese territory he had committed an act of hostility toward Brazil. Brazil would pursue the question, he asserted, and push the matter to a satisfactory conclusion.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WASHINGTON'S MOTHER.

The Fine Monument at Fredericksburg Unveiled To-day.

Fredericksburg, Va., May 10.—The American nation does honor to-day to the mother of "The Father of his Country." In the presence of the chief magistrate of the country, surrounded by his constitutional advisers, by the justices of the supreme court, by many senators and members of the house of representatives, and by patriotic men and women from many states, and amid the booming of canon and patriotic cheers from fifty thousand throats, the monument erected to the memory of Mary, mother of George Washington, was dedicated and unveiled to-day.

The little town was georgeously decorated in honor of the occasion, and nature smiled her benediction upon the proceedings through an azure sky and bright sunshine. President Cleveland, accompanied by Vice-President Stevenson, Secretary of State Gresham and other members of the cabinet, Chief Justice Fuller and the associate justices of the supreme court, and fully one-half of the membership of the senate and the house of representatives, arrived early this morning.

The dedication was preceded by a procession of companies of military, municipal socities and visiting civilians, and which occupied nearly an hour in passing a given point. When the location of the monument had been reached Governor O'Ferrall delivered an address of welcome, to which President Cleveland made a brief response. In accordance with the request of the board of lady managers the president then assumed the chair and presided over the subsequent proceedings. An address on behalf of the descendants of the immortal George was delivered by Lawrence Washington, son of Augustine Washington, the favorite nephew of the first president, and who inherited Mount Vernon and sold it to the association which now owns it.

As the American flag which had veiled the monument was drawn aside disclosing the shaft to view, the marine band from Washington rendered the Star-Spangled Banner, and the spectators cheered for several minutes. The formal oration was delivered by United States Senator John W. Daniels, and was one of the best efforts of that celebrated orator. At the conclusion of the formal proceedings the president, vice-president and other distinguished guests were entertained at luncheon by the ladies of Fredericksburg in the house in which Mary Washington lived during the revolutionary war, and in which she died on August 25, 1789.

The monument unveiled to-day is a plain monolith of granite, fifty feet high, and stand upon a base eleven feet square. The base bears this simple inscription: "Mary, the Mother of Washington."

It has been paid for by contributions from almost every state in the union, and stands at the head of her hitherto neglected grave, a quarter of a mile beyond the city limits. The event of the day is the culmination of the effort of Mrs. Margaret Hetzel of Virginia and Mrs. Amelia C. Waite, widow of the late chief justice of the United States. These brought into existence the Mary Washington Memorial Association. They received the co-operation of many patriotic northern and southern women. It is five years since the first subscription was received. Sixty years ago Cyrus Burrows, a patriotic citizen of New York, offered to bear the whole expense of the monument. The corner stone was laid in May, 1833, by President Andrew Jackson, in the presence of his cabinet, the supreme court and an immense concourse of spectators. A sudden reverse in the fortunes of the New Yorker, however, prevented him from completing his voluntary task, and the corner stone has long since disappeared before the invasion of vandals and relic hunters.

American Locomotive Engineers.

St. Paul, Minn., May 10.—The Metropolitan opera house was crowded to the doors this afternoon when Grand Chief P. M. Arthur called to order the first biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Every state and territory of the Union, as well as the Canadian provinces and Mexico, were represented. The balcony and gallery were occupied by members of the Ladies' Auxiliary and visitors attracted here by the convention. Chief Arthur presided and addresses of welcome were delivered by city officials and members of the local committee on reception. Chief Arthur alluded to the fact that this was the first biennial convention, the preceding 28 gatherings having been annual. The report will show that the order has now a total membership of 37,000, divided among 527 lodges in this country, Canada and Mexico. The business session will commence at Market hall to-morrow morning.

Horse Superstitions.

Gable ends have a significance that few people realize now. The carved ridge tiles and representations of animals, such as horses and horsemen, and the stone balls, all possess a meaning. Horses' heads are common in Germany on the points of gables, and are found in Russia, while chamois' heads are found in the Tyrol. The completion of a building was signalized by a sacrifice originally, just as the laying of the foundation was. Perhaps more of the final ceremony remains to-day than the initial one.

Horses were held to be sacred by the northern races, and formed, next to a man, the worthiest sacrifice; and if a horse's skull was not put on the point of the gable a horse's head was carved. At a chieftain's death his horse was buried with him, and to-day the charger of an officer follows his remains to the grave. Poles surmounted by bunches of leaves and flowers protect the farm houses of the Black Forest from lightning and represent the ancient oblation of a bunch of grain to Odin's horse; and gables often have carvings connected with this oblation to Odin. We know the legend of the "Weird Hunt," and many reminiscences of this remain in Denmark.

At Yuletide oats are thrown out for Saint Claus' horse (the cult of Odin having been transferred to Saint Claus) and a person convalescent after a dangerous illness is said to have given "a feed to death's horse." The sheaf of corn that is fastened to the gable in Norway and Denmark, now an offering to the birds, was originally a sheaf for Odin's horse. "Formerly," says Mr. Baring-Gould, "the last bundle of oats in a field was cast into the air by the reapers for Odin at Yule to feed his horse." And in his recollection it was customary in Devon for the last sheaf to be raised in the air, with the cry, "A seek Weeday!"—that is, to "Nickar Woden."—The Spectator.

Fat Wives at a Premium.

The most striking feature of the missionary work at Kassarich is the education of the Armenian women, whose social position seems to be even more degraded than that of their Turkish sisters. With the native Armiaians, as with the Turks, fleshiness adds much to the price of a wife. The wife of a missionary is to them an object both of wonderment and contempt. As she walks along the street, they will whisper to one another: "There goes a woman who knows all her husband's business; and who can manage just as well as himself." This will generally be followed in an undertone by the expression, "Madana Satana," which means in common parlance a "female devil." At first it was a struggle to overcome this ignorant prejudice, and to get girls to come to the school free of charge; now it is hard to find room for them even when they are asked to pay for their tuition.

The costume of the Armiaian woman is generally of some bright-colored cloth, prettily trimmed. Her coiffure, always elaborate, sometimes includes a string of gold coins, encircling the head, or strung down the plait. A silver belt encloses the waist, and a necklace of coins calls attention to her pretty neck. When washing clothes by the stream, they frequently show a gold ring encircling the ankle.—"Across Asia on a Bicycle," in the Century.

The Passing of the Redman.

Now the study of comparative ethnology has begun to teach us that the red Indian is one of the most interesting of men. He represents a stage of evolution through which civilized men have once passed—a stage far more ancient and primitive than that which is depicted in the Odyssey or in the book of Genesis. When Champlain and Frontenac met the feathered chieftains of the St. Lawrence, they talked with men of the stone age face to face. Phases of life that had vanished from Europe long before Rome was built survived in America long enough to be seen and studied by modern men. Behind Mr. Parkman's picturesqueness, therefore, there lies a significance far more profound than one would at first suspect. He has portrayed for us a wondrous and forever fascinating stage in the evolution of humanity. We may well thank heaven for sending us such a scholar, such an artist, such a genius, before it was too late. As we look at the changes wrought in the last 50 years, we realise that already the opportunities by which he profited in youth are in a large measure lost. He came not a moment too soon to catch the fleeting light and fix it upon his immortal canvas.—John Fiske in the Atlantic.

Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé
Montreal, P. Q.

A Marvelous Medicine

Whenever Given a Fair Trial Hood's Proves Its Merit.

The following letter is from Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé, architect and surveyor, No. 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Canada:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

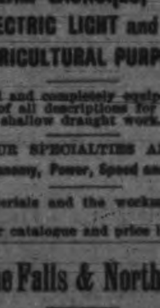
"Gentlemen:—I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for about six months and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. Last May my weight was 130 pounds, but since

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla it has increased to 163. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is a marvellous medicine and am very much pleased with it." J. Alcide Chaussé.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

Unwritten Law in the Best Society



For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER—Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 33 MILLION POUNDS. If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents. [illegible] DEFORMITY. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

Is Fifty Times As Nourishing As Meat Extract and Home Made Beef Tea.

It makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

PREPARED BY The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD, General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

Stock in Trade of a General Store.

FRIDAY, MAY 11, at 11 a.m.

I will sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, the stock of a general store, consisting of prints, ginghams, damask, white and grey calicoes, dress goods, flannelettes, flannels, boots and shoes, Brooks' thread, boys' clothing, braids, ribbons, stockings, canton flannels, men's underclothing, socks, pants, shirts, soft hats, blankets, oil jackets and sou'westers, etc.

GROCERIES, &c.

General assortment of groceries, paper bags, hardware, cutlery, tobacco, lot of tin and graniteware, shot, brooms, brackets, scales, clocks, cigars, tools, C.I. stove, a new English ensign (12x6), a fine new drill tent (24 feet long with 9 feet walls and 9 feet high), a 22-foot carvel boat, oars and sails, windlass and C.I. track wheels to haul out boat.

Also a lot of Household Furniture, etc.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

FOR

STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv.... SPOKANE.... Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 8:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 100 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. [illegible], Gorge Road.

ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY TIMES.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap5-od

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, 23rd January, 1894. 124

MUNICIPAL.

Assessment notices have this day (April 20th) been posted to all parties assessed for Land and Improvements in the city.

If not delivered at residence please call at postoffice for same.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT, City Assessor.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the subscribers and the general committee of the Queen's Birthday Celebration are requested to meet at the City Hall on Friday, May 11th, at 4 o'clock, for the purpose of appointing an executive committee.

JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 23, 1894.

CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the Assessment of 1894 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria will be held at Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 30th day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C., April 23rd, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS, ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE, 123 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

SING KEE,

21 Herald Street. Victoria, B. C.

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short notice. Contracts taken. m1-tf

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH. DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W.G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C. 1y28

GALLAGHER V. HORNE.

Trial of the Celebrated Case Commenced in Court at Vancouver.

The Plaintiff's Evidence in Regard to His Efforts at Legislator-Making.

Yesterday's News-Advertiser gives the following report of the trial of the case of Gallagher versus Horne before Mr. Justice Walkem and a special jury:

This famous case was called for trial yesterday morning before a special jury composed of George G. Sentell, Albert Airey, Andrew Kyle, Francis Curry, H. D. Munroe, James Stewart, Angus Ammond and Wilam McKinnon.

Mr. Davis, who appeared for the plaintiff, opened the case by explaining briefly but with a great deal of precision its nature and object. The plaintiff, W. J. Gallagher, a former journalist, was well known in the city as was the defendant capitalist and present member of the legislature. The latter had been prosperous and was said to have amassed a considerable fortune and attained an exalted position in financial circles. With this, however, he had not been satisfied, and prompted by a desire to add glory to wealth had presented himself as a candidate for this city in the year 1890 and was elected. He had in pursuit of this object employed the plaintiff in various ways and had promised ample remuneration for his services. The plaintiff had about that time started the Telegram, an evening paper at that time, and thus was enabled to devote a considerable portion of his evenings to the rich man's purposes, and for about two years, namely, from the 15th of May, 1890, to 15th of May, 1892, had given him two, three and four evenings a week, this being in part before Mr. Horne's return, but for the greater part subsequent to that event. He would set forth at greater length at a later period in the case the nature of these services. The defence to these claims was short, in fact as brief a defence as could possibly be made. It was a denial in toto that the alleged services had ever been rendered. There were the two sides of the question and he hoped that the evidence to be adduced would substantiate the claim of his client. The evidence of the plaintiff himself would be strongly corroborated by the production of certain drafts of speeches and letters in the handwriting of the plaintiff but interlineated and corrected in the handwriting of Mr. Horne. It could hardly be thought that the plaintiff's action was practically a blackmailing one, as no one knowing Mr. Gallagher would imagine him placing himself in so criminal and exposed a position. This thought at least should be abandoned from the outset. He would open his case by calling the plaintiff.

W. J. Gallagher then took the stand, and being sworn, said he was a journalist and had been connected with newspapers for about 20 years. Had lived in Vancouver, having settled there about 6 years. About the second of May, 1890, Mr. Horne had suggested that a paper be started here and on the 6th of June the first number of the Telegram appeared. This was an evening publication for about two years. Mr. Horne was a stockholder in it. On the 13th of June Mr. Horne was elected junior member for this city. When he—Mr. Horne—desired to enter public life, he found that he had not sufficient time to go into all the details of certain public questions and offered to pay the plaintiff if he would help him, to which he—the plaintiff—assented. His evenings were disengaged, and of these he had devoted from two to four weekly to Mr. Horne's affairs, both public in relation to his parliamentary duties and also his private business, going to Victoria on several occasions on these accounts.

He first prepared the requisition of the citizens that Mr. Horne consent to become a candidate at the election. This was at Mr. Horne's own suggestion, who was present when it was drafted. About the same time he drafted Mr. Horne's reply, and both were given to Mr. Hesse for copying. Witness had arranged the publication and had it and the reply published before the platform of Mr. Horne appeared. This had been prepared by him, the plaintiff, and a memo was produced purporting to be a draft of the same. (The platform was then read.) Plaintiff had had this copied on a typewriter, and had handed this to Mr. Horne.

After the election a banquet was given to Mr. Cotton, the senior member, and the witness had prepared Mr. Horne's speech for that occasion. He wrote it in witness' own house after the plaintiff had told him what he wanted. (Here the witness' draft was produced with the interlineations in Mr. Horne's handwriting.) This dinner was given on the 27th of June and the defendant afterwards handed back the copy of the speech to him—Gallagher—for publication in the Telegram.

A letter of the defendant's was then introduced through the city clerk, the draft made by witness only being signed by Mr. Horne, as the copy was ready too late for the signature in order to reach the council. There was a good deal done about the North Arm road and the reserve at that time, but the drafts relating to such had been destroyed at the time. He—witness—only happened to have a few drafts and they did not begin to represent the work he had done for Mr. Horne, but they were put in to corroborate his claim which Mr. Horne denied as a whole.

These various matters had been attended to partly at the Colonial in New Westminster, partly at the Driard, Victoria, and partly here.

In regard to the creation of the Vancouver judicial district, he had compiled all the necessary data for Mr. Horne's work. A copy of one of the latter's speeches in the house was then introduced for corroborative purposes and the case adjourned until two o'clock.

After lunch Mr. Gallagher was further examined and continued.

He had made a special trip to Victoria to help Mr. Horne out of the difficulty he had got into on the Chinese question. Mr. Horne had received a copy of a resolution of the local trades and labor council condemning the position he had taken in the house in the Chinese matter. The draft prepared by the witness of Mr. Horne's reply was then put in. He had sent for witness, who went down to Victoria, drafted a reply and had it type-written but as this needed further correction he had sent it to Mr. Burton—then on the Telegram staff—for further copying. This was done and the original transmitted to the trades and labor people, but the unsigned draft had been handed him about a year afterwards by Burton.

The requisition was then put in and some discussion occurred, the objection being raised by the court that the words "signed by 350 citizens" had been omitted. Some wrangling also followed as to what speeches had or had not been prepared by the witness and it appeared the defendant might have gotten up some himself.

The witness then detailed certain work that he had done in connection with Mr. Horne's private matters, particularly with regard to the advertisement of Mission City property, of which townsite he had once been owner.

A further letter from Mr. Horne to the witness about his hard and persistent efforts to get a court house for Vancouver was then put in. In this the witness was asked to quietly tell his friends so that Mr. Horne might receive due recognition for his work.

A further letter and draft was put in from which it appeared that a certain speech of Mr. Horne's was read in Vancouver a few minutes before it had been delivered on the floor of the house.

Soon after this Mr. McPhillips took the witness in hand for purposes of cross-examination. After tracing briefly the latter few years of his career he brought him down to some recent events in Nanaimo from which it appeared that the witness had there executed a deed of assignment in trust for his creditors. This being so the right of the present action lay, it was submitted, in the assignee, and not in the plaintiff and on behalf of the defence an adjournment was asked in order that the assignee may be subpoenaed.

This point was keenly fought out between the opposing counsel and deliberately considered by his lordship. His lordship in ruling complimented the plaintiff on the ingenuity and polity of his requisition and platform. It was a most creditable performance, and considerably surpassed the tactics of his own political days. As for the defendant he had made a good representative and if his speeches were prepared for him the same had been done for Palmerston and Beaconsfield, not to mention other minor lights. He did not wish to pass any remark at present upon the action—it was not the proper time—but the action was a peculiar one and he thought did the two counsel have a quiet talk over the matter it might all yet be arranged. Mr. Horne, it appeared in the evidence, was a rich man. He would, however, adjourn the further hearing of the trial until Thursday at two p.m.

BILLROTH'S OBJECT LESSONS.

How He Taught the Value of Observation.

A pupil of the late Professor Billroth, in a communication to the Kleine Zeitung, says that the great surgeon used to tell his young hearers in the lecture room that the two main faults of the surgeon were a neglect of the gifts of observation and a self-satisfied delusion that they practiced it. He had a favorite experiment with which he used sometimes to test the presence or absence of this gift in new pupils. "Now, gentlemen," he would say, "look at me and do exactly what I do." He would then thrust one of his fingers into a basin of dirty water, raise his hand to his mouth, and stick one of his fingers between his lips. All his hearers, as they imagined, thereupon imitated him. "Ah, gentlemen," Billroth would then say, "what a defect of observation! You have not observed that I put my forefinger into the dirty water, and placed my second finger in my mouth. You have all placed the same finger into the mouth which you put in the dirty water. I hope you like the taste of it." Of course, if any youth had been forewarned he would not have been caught in the professor's trap.—Westminster Gazette.

LAND AND WATER LIFE.

They Depend on Their Maintenance in Various Ways.

A hasty glance at the terrestrial globe is sufficient to show how remarkable is the difference in the distribution of land and water in the northern and southern hemispheres. We live in the land hemisphere; the southern is essentially the water hemisphere. Just as remarkable is the distribution of life in the two hemispheres.

"No land animal and no trace of vegetation—not even a lichen or a piece of seaweed—has been found on land within the Antarctic circle." Such is the graphic statement of an authority on Antarctic exploration.

But, as if to offset the absence of life from the lands around the south pole, the waters in that part of the globe abound with a profusion of animal and plant life. Some minute forms of crustaceans are so abundant that the waters of the Antarctic Ocean are colored red by them in some places and the number caught in the tow nets of the exploring ship Challenger, was occasionally so great that the nets burst while being hauled aboard.

Larger animals are proportionately numerous there. Seals, whales and a great variety of fishes inhabit the far southern ocean. The floor of that ocean is said to be occupied by more abundant and more peculiar forms of animal life than any other known part of the sea bed.

A very interesting example of the manner in which some kinds of animals depend upon others is furnished by the fact that large numbers of the inhabitants of the surface waters of the tropics having drifted so far south as to come into contact with the cold Antarctic currents, are, so to speak, frozen to death, and their bodies, sinking to the bottom, afford a supply of food to the remote inhabitants of the ocean floor.

But while the peculiar conditions described above now prevail within the Antarctic circle, there is, at the same time, much evidence that ages ago things were very different there and that the supposed continent surrounding the south pole once abounded with animals and plants as varied, beautiful and interesting as those of the Northern Hemisphere.

On this Antarctic continent it has been surmised some of the characteristic life forms of Australia and South America may have originated. There is, in fact, a growing curiosity in the minds of scientific men concerning the secrets that are apparently locked in by the encircling ice of the southern pole.—Youth's Companion.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Eq al Have You Tried It?

A BY-LAW

To Raise $25,000.00 to Acquire the Land and Improvements of the British Columbia Agricultural Association for Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition Purposes.

Whereas by a by-law of the Corporation of the City of Victoria finally passed on the 9th day of December, A.D. 1892, and numbered 149, there was granted to the British Columbia Agricultural Association by the said Corporation, the sum of $25,000 to aid and assist the said Association in its building operations;

And whereas the said sum of $25,000 has been duly expended on the erection of suitable and necessary exhibition buildings on the lands of the said Association in accordance with the terms and conditions of of the said by-law;

And whereas there was expended by the said Association upon its lands, and improvements thereon, a further sum of $20,000 obtained by loan secured by mortgage upon the said lands and improvements;

And whereas the said Association is indebted to various persons and firms in a further aggregate sum of about $5,000;

And whereas the said Association is organized not for the purpose of any private or individual profit or gain, but for the protection and advancement of the agricultural, mechanical and industrial interests of the province, and more particularly of those interests as associated with the trade and prosperity of the City of Victoria;

And whereas for the more effectual carrying out of the objects of the said association, it is deemed expedient and advisable that the Corporation of the City of Victoria, should purchase, hold and manage the lands and buildings of the said Association.

And whereas the said Association has applied to the said Corporation for further aid in carrying out its said objects and it has been agreed that upon payment by the said Corporation, of the said mortgage debt of $20,000 and the said sum of $5,000, the said Association shall and will grant and convey to the said Corporation in fee simple the lands and premises of the said Association, hereinafter particularly described for the purpose of holding agricultural and industrial exhibitions;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $25,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,289 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-14th of a mill in the dollar for paying such debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows;

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $25,000 currency or sterling money at the rate of $4.86 2-3rds to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised, or received, to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the objects hereinbefore recited;

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed, and issued for such sums as may be required not exceeding however the sum of $25,000 either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof which interest shall be payable half yearly at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debenture or coupon.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or in the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,125, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of $164.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of payment of the said sum in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-14th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or land and improvements in the City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. The said Association shall immediately after this by-law shall have received the assent of the ratepayers of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, and before the said Corporation shall have paid the said mortgage debt or other debts or any portion thereof, make and execute a proper conveyance to the said Corporation of all those parcels of lands described as follows: All those certain parcels or tracts of land, situate in the District of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, being composed of the North Westerly three and thirty-eight one-hundredths (3 38-100) acres of sub-division 10 (ten) of section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the Eastern boundary of said section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2018) feet south from the north east corner of said section twenty-eight (28); thence south two hundred and forty one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) along said eastern boundary; thence west and parallel to the southern boundary of the Driving Park, five hundred and ninety eight (598) feet to a road hereinafter described; thence north along the east side of said road, two hundred and forty one feet nine inches, (241 ft. 9 in.) to the Driving Park; thence east along the southern boundary of the Driving Park six hundred and twenty (620) feet to the point of commencement, and more particularly delineated on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the 18th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, between John Sylvester Bowker, of the City of Victoria aforesaid, and Mary Bowker, his wife, of the one part, and the said mortagors and trustees of the other part and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13 (thirteen) folio twenty-nine (29) as number 12,560 a, together with the right of way over and along the road fifty feet wide running north from the Cadboro Bay Road to sub-division eleven (11) of section twenty-eight (28) along the western boundary of the hereinbefore described piece or parcel of land as the same is now used and traveled, and that certain piece or parcel of land commencing at a point on the western boundary of section sixty-one (LXI) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2,018) feet from the north west corner thereof; thence two hundred and forty-one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) south along the said western boundary of section sixty-one (XLI); thence at a deflection angle of ninety two degrees seventeen minutes to the left two hundred and sixty-seven feet eight inches (267 ft. 8 in.) to the western side of Cadboro Bay Road, thence two hundred and forty-two feet six inches (242 ft. 6 in.) north along the western side of the said road; thence west two hundred and eighty one feet eight inches (281 ft. 8 in.) to the point of beginning, containing in all one and fifty-two one hundredths (1 52-100ths) acres more or less as shown on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the third day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety one, between William Henry Thistle of the said City of Victoria, of the one part, and the said mortgagors of the other part, and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid, on the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13, folio 119 as number 12,734 a, together with all buildings, fixtures, commons, ways, profits, privileges, rights, easements, and appurtenances to the said hereditaments belonging or with the same or any part thereof held or enjoyed or appurtenant thereto, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property claim and demand of the mortgagors and of the trustees, in, to and upon, the same premises, togther with all improvements, etc., thereon or appurtenant thereto, and deliver the same in escrow to the Bank of British North America, at the City of Victoria, to be delivered to the said Corporation, when and so soon as the said Corporation shall have paid and satisfied the said mortgage debt and other debts as aforesaid to an amount not exceeding however the said amount of $25,000 or such other sum as may be realized from the sale of the said debentures.

Sec. 10. The Corporation of the City of Victoria, may upon such terms and conditions as to it may seem just and reasonable grant to the said British Columbia Agricultural Association or to any other Association, Society or Company, having for an object among others the holding of agricultural exhibitions, the use of the said lands, buildings and premises, but the said Corporation in respect of such exhibition, shall in no way be liable for any debts, expenses, expenditures, losses or damages, incurred or sustained by any such association, society or company, holding such exhibition, or by any person or persons attending or exhibiting any article or thing at such exhibition.

Sec. 11. This by-law shall before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, 1894.

Sec. 12. This by-law may be cited as "The Exhibition Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

A BY-LAW

For Granting Aid to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Whereas the directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital have applied to the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the sum of $35,000 to aid the said hospital in paying off its indebtedness.

And whereas the Corporation of the City of Victoria has determined to grant such aid by donating to the said hospital the sum of $35,000;

And whereas the said Corporation is authorized to make such grant by subsection 15 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise the said sum of $35,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the said City;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,805 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-10th of a mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the sum of $35,000 either in currency or sterling money, (at the rate of $4.86 2-3rd to the one pound sterling,) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons.

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,575 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $230.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-10th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital aid By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 27th of April, A.D. 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

A BY-LAW

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $100,000 for Sewerage purposes.

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $100,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $5,156 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893 is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $100,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the said sum of $100,000, either in currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid,) and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $4,500 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $656.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums, in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street, (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

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ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

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PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. G. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja13

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pandora streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. A. BROWN, Secretary. ja13

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. E. E. SWINERTON, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

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NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Kirschberg and Frederick Landsberg, carrying on business under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office, at 133 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent from the date hereof. Mr. Frederick Landsberg will assume all liabilities and collect all assets of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office. Dated 14th April, 1894. SAMUEL KIRSCHBERG. (By his attorney in fact, Frederick Landsberg). FREDERICK LANDSBERG. Witness—S. Perry Mills. a24-1m

Notice to Subscribers. During my absence from the city Albert Wylde will collect all subscriptions to the Daily Times. B. HAIGH. Daily Times office, April 21

Ladies, Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 2 cents. LANE MEDICINE CO., Montreal, Can. For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND BALL. The Annual Ball of the N. and S. Saanich Agricultural Society will take place on the evening of FRIDAY, MAY 11. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Tickets for lady and gentleman, $2.00, including supper. Music by Richardson Orchestra. m5-1w

VICTORIA THEATRE ONE NIGHT ONLY. **Thursday, May 10th.** The Funniest Man on Earth **SAM J. BURTON** And the Charming Comedienne **MISS L. COLEMAN** In the New **SI PERKINS!** A Superb Scenic Production. A Hip! Hurrah! Hilarious, **Sensational Comedy Drama** A Roaring, Rousing, Rally of Fun, Laughter and Yells. PROF. S. V. DOWN'S SOLO ORCHESTRA of twelve skilled musicians, is the strongest ever presented to the public by a traveling company. One of the most necessary features for a first-class performance is the best of music rendered in an artistic manner—especially is this so in SI PERKINS, running over with songs, dances, catchy music, where a good orchestra is absolutely necessary. See the Street Parade immediately on arrival of the Kingston, by the famous PUGHTOWN FARMERS' BAND! FREE CONCERT in front of opera house, at 7 o'clock p.m. Prices, $1, 75c. and 50c.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—General servant girl. Apply 23 Spring Road, Spring Ridge. m9-tf

WANTED—A partner for a ranch. Apply 189 Douglas street. m8-3t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

GOOD LIVE AGENTS WANTED who will go out and rustle for the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association. Apply in person to G. G. Bigger, Prov. Manager, Brunswick Hotel.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

COMPETENT CLERK, book-keeper and correspondent, with knowledge of shorthand and languages, offers his services for small salary sufficient to pay living expenses. Address "Stenog," Times office. a12-tf

FOR SALE.

AS WE WISH to devote the whole of our time to the Hydraulic Stump Extracting Business, we will sell the Paragon Oil Business; a bargain; we have about 1,000 Paragon Cans out, 2 wagons, 2 horses; it is a fortune for two live men. Apply 51 Yates street. m9-2t

FOR SALE—Good horse, buggy, and single wagon. Apply 170 Pembroke St. m9-2w

FOR SALE—Large lot with fruit trees, nine roomed house; bath, hot and cold water; out buildings; close to tramway; $2,500; on easy terms; a bargain. Address "Property," this office. m8-3

FOR SALE—A new 16 ft. sail boat, fully equipped, at Mellor's, Fort street. m4-1w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 15 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Fine offices; suitable for profession; in Salmon Block. Apply to Harry Salmon, Tobacconist. m8-3t

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let; use of bath; terms very moderate. Apply 67 Kane street. a24-1m

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let, and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burney House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. fe17-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j2-tf

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NICE ROOMS and board. 181 Fort street.

MISCELLANEOUS

A REWARD will be given to any person giving information of a sealing boat taken from Capt. J. D. Warren's wharf, James Bay, within the last two weeks. J. Fullerton, 103 Government street. m9-1w

WANTED—For cash, a small farm; good land with some improvements; not too far from Victoria. Address L.Y., Times office. m7-5t

WHERE TO BUY NO. 1 DRY CORD WOOD—At Scotch Bakery, 165 Douglas street; telephone No. 17. Steam wood sawing done in any part of city. Your order solicited. A. C. Howe. m5-1m

WANTED—Party with capital of $1,000 to put in a stock of general merchandise at the best trading point in the province. Liberal inducements to the right party. Address H. P. Palmerston, Boundary Creek, B. C. ap15-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $. Just received a consignment of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12, and $14. Come and see them at **83 JOHNSON STREET.**

A PUBLIC MEETING of the parishioners of St. Mark's will be held in the **Tolmie School House,** Boleskine Road, on **Saturday, the 12th Inst.,** At 8 p.m., to celebrate the change in the pastorate. m9-3t

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Address

The Daily Times.

THE NAKUSP COMMISSION.

The Colonist affects surprise at the failure of opposition members of the legislature to appear before the royal commission regarding the Nakusp & Slocan matter. If our neighbor had been ignorant of the facts and circumstances connected with this affair it would have had some cause for genuine wonderment, but since these were all within its ken the affectation is too easily seen through. All the people know quite well that the subject of inquiry as Premier Davie secured its presentation before the royal commission is in different form from that which the opposition wished to give it. They know that he has hedged himself around with protecting lines beyond which the commissioners cannot go, for those gentlemen are bound by the terms of their commission. The members of the opposition did not draw up the charges, nor did they consent to the fashion of their formulation, so it would be rather strange if they did feel themselves obliged to appear in their support. The statements which they made in the house, and which the government and its organs choose to style "aspersions," "insinuations," etc, were amply justified by the government's actions as they appeared to everybody. There is no need of any opposition member to appear before the royal commission to make that fact clear. The bargain made by the government for the building of the road is known to all. The reluctance of the premier to afford the house full information on the subject was quite evident to the dullest perception. Suspicion always follows upon concealment, and suspicion there will always be in this case, for the reason that the government refused to allow the commission to cover all the ground that should have been covered. If it had not so done, if it had accepted the amendment offered by the opposition members, then the latter would have been left with less reason for refusing to give them their time and their work to further the investigation. But they would still have had the objection that this must be done at their own expense, while the cost of defending the government would have fallen on the public treasury. That was made plain by Mr. Davie's own remarks in the house. There is no provision made for the engaging of counsel to uphold the opposition side of the inquiry, and no such provision would have been made in any event. The Colonist, in its usual dishonest fashion, says: "It is quite possible that it was to pave the way for the course they see fit now to pursue that the organs of the members of the opposition whom we have named have tried to create the impression that the commission is a one-sided tribunal whose object is to 'whitewash' the members of the government." This is plainly intended to convey the impression that the opposition newspapers represent the the two gentlemen comprising the commission as starting out with the object of whitewashing the government. This falsehood is quite as stupid as it is uncalled for; no paper on the opposition side has thought of offering any such reflection. But it has been shown beyond the possibility of a doubt that the premier intended to prevent the commission from being anything but a whitewashing machine. That is apparent from the restrictions which he placed on the inquiry, which restrictions the commissioners are quite powerless to remove. They must keep within the instructions conveyed to them by the house at the dictation of the premier.

THE WAY OF PROTECTION.

There was an instructive discussion on the iron duties in the house of commons when that part of the tariff schedule came up for review. An Ottawa dispatch gives the following summary:

Hon. Mr. Foster explained that it was proposed to increase the duty on scrap iron which is now $2 per ton, to $3 this year and $4 next year. He said the government's object was to encourage the use of Canadian pig iron in rolling mills instead of scrap iron.

The opposition contended that the duty of $4 per ton on pig iron was excessive in view of the bounty paid to iron makers.

Hon. Mr. Tupper defended the government's policy, saying that it was necessary to protect Canadian furnaces against Scotch pig iron brought to Canada in ballast and against the surplus produce of American furnaces.

Messrs. Laurier, Davies and other Liberals pointed out that pig iron was being sold in Scotland at $10 per ton, and Nova Scotia furnace owners said they could make pig iron as cheaply as their Scotch competitors. If so there was no necessity for a duty of $4 and a bounty of $2 per ton for the profit of home manufacturers.

Mr. Stairs, of Halifax, was repeatedly called upon to inform the house how much it would cost to produce a ton of pig iron, at his Terrona furnace, but he declined to give any information.

Mr. Chesley, the Conservative member for St. John, created a little sensation by opposing the policy of his party on the ground that the increased duty on scrap iron would increase the cost of raw material to rolling mills, and was designed to force owners of such mills to purchase Nova Scotia pig iron from which puddled bars could not be manufactured because it contained too much phosphorous. The makers of pig iron, he said, had never attempted to make puddled bars, but were trying to force the sale of their inferior pig iron by means of the tariff. He did not believe that the purpose could be effected by the increased duty on scrap iron.

What the Conservative Mr. Chesley in his candor said of the iron duties might as truthfully be said of many other items in the tariff. They are intended to coerce certain people into using the goods of certain othr people, much to the detriment of the industries in which the coerced are interested.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A Montreal dispatch says that John P. Rose & Co., of that city, have been awarded a contract by the Dominion government for the supply of ballot boxes, the same to be ready within 90 days. Is this another indication of a near-by election?

Ald. Lamb, of Toronto city council, has submitted a proposition to the board of works from the Street Railway company, which offers to undertake the watering of the track allowances during the summer. There are forty miles of streets traversed by street cars in Toronto, and the company will sprinkle the entire distance four time daily at the rate of 65 cents per mile of track per day. This would make a total expense of about $3,000 for the watering season, which is much cheaper than the present cost. The experiment has been tried with marked success elsewhere.

British agricultural returns for 1893 show the remarkable fact that during the year some 150,000 acres of land in Great Britain were turned into pasture. This is spoken of as an "actual abandonment of cultivaiton" of this area. The main point deduced is that Great Britain is rapidly ceasing to be a wheat producing country. Comparing the present wheat area with that of 1873 the decline is 1,800,000 acres. The returns also show that fruit farming and market gardening are largely increasing. In 1893 there were 65,487 acres of this kind of cultivation, as against 62,148 acres in 1892. Argument has been largely made of late that if English farmers would give their attention to truck farming and fruit raising they might retrieve their almost ruined fortunes. They cannot compete with America and India in wheat growing, and they lose more money every year. At the same time immense quantities of fruit vegetables, butter, cheese, eggs, and even milk are imported from abroad. Butter and eggs come in ship loads even from as far as Australia. Last year butter, cheese and eggs alone to the value of £25,820,000 were imported into Great Britain. The economists are seeking to learn why this splendid income cannot be secured for British pockets.

EGGS OF AUK AND ROC.

Enormous Sums Paid for Specimens at an Auction.

London, May 10.—Some rare and curious eggs have just been sold by J. C. Stevens in his auction rooms at Covent Garden. Of these perhaps the most remarkable was a perfect egg of the long extinct roc. It was through asking for a shell such as this by which to put the finishing touche to Aladdin's wonderful palace, lovers of the "Arabian Nights" will remember, that the charming Princess Badroulbadour nearly got into trouble with the all-powerful slave of the lamp. Yesterday's specimens, though faultless in every particular, but stained brown during the long ages which it has lain hidden in the Madagascar sand beds, did not fetch more than 45 guineas. This was followed by two eggs of the great auk, respecting which the auctioneer told a strange tale.

A young collector, stimulated doubtless by the fact that an egg of this kind of birds recently fetched 300 guineas, attended a sale of old furniture somewhere in the country. Among the goods were several boxes of fossils and shells. Espying a curious egg in one of the boxes the sportsman examined it and found it to be that of a great auk. Keeping quiet, he watched the boxes of supposed rubbish start at the sum of 2 shillings and gradually rise to 8 shillings. Trembling with excitement the young enthusiast joined the fray, and after carrying the bidding to 38 shillings, succeeded in securing the prize. On looking over his lot he saw another auk's egg, and having settled his account, he hastened with his two treasures for home on his bicycle.

These specimens were yesterday disposed of for the respectable prices of 200 and 175 guineas respectively. Large as were these prices they would certainly have been exceeded had not a slight flaw in each put them below that condition of perfection aimed at by exacting egg collectors.

Mrs. Lease Very Ill.

Kansas City, Mo., May 10.—Mrs. Mary E. Lease, the populist leader, is dangerously ill with typhoid fever, coupled with nervous prostration. She is at the institute for the blind in this city, where she went on Tuesday night to remain until the meeting of the state board of charities, which was set for to-morrow. She was taken ill the same night, and soon became delirious. The attending physician says her condition is critical. At the earliest she will not be able to leave the institute for two weeks.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Mission City Convention—Meeting in South Victoria, etc.

The first meeting in South Victoria was held in the school house at the Royal Oak last night. The building will comfortably accommodate about 75 or 100, but it was uncomfortably filled, and by the dim, uncertain light of one kerosene lamp the speakers with some difficulty addressed the electors. Mr. Russell was chairman and Mr. Sluggett secretary. Mr. Eberts, M. P. P., spoke first, and on the whole told his story—a recapitulation of his votes and a defence of his course in the house—very well. Mr. Davie said a good word for Mr. Eberts and two for the government, and Mr. Carey followed in a characteristic speech, this time in favor of the government. J. Nicholson, jr., one of the candidates, promised to explain his views at a future meeting. A proposition to hold a convention to nominate a candidate on the government side was not favorably received, and on motion of G. Johns, seconded by Mr. Stevenes, it was resolved that the race be a "go-as-you-please"—or, as the mover put it, that "each candidate stand as he chooses without selecting any particular one."

A correspondent sends the following in reference to the opposition meeting at Mission City, the proceedings of which have already been published:

Mission City, May 7.—The opposition held its convention at Mission City on Saturday last for the purpose of electing a person to carry the opposition standard to victory at the forthcoming election. A large number of prominent people were present, amongst whom we noticed Mr. F. C. Cotton, Mr. C. B. Sword, Major-General Kinchant, Mr. F. S. Lazenby, and a large number from all parts of the riding. On motion the choice of Mr. Sword was made unanimous. Speeches were made by Mr. F. C. Cotton, M. P. P., Mr. C. B. Sword and Mr. F. S. Lazenby. Mr. Sword thanked the meeting most heartily for having elected him. It was pointed out by Mr. F. S. Lazenby that the government took this for their strongest riding in the district and that they did twice as much talking as the opposition, but he remarked that Maple Ridge was two to one for the opposition. There is not the slightest doubt that whoever the man is who is willing to sacrifice himself for the government will lose his deposit. There are already about six who wish to run, but none of them can hold the confidence of the people. It is amusing to see the men who ought to know better running through "the back lanes," as one might say, with "government pap" buttonholing the electors. The following gentlemen, we believe, are willing to run (home?) for the government in the riding: Dr. Lefevre, W. J. Harris, R. B. Kelley, Captain Thompson and Wm. Isaace. We should like to see any of those gentlemen run, as the provincial treasury would then be some $200 better off at their expense.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Mr. Boyd, M. P., says that it is probable Sir John Thompson will visit Manitoba during the summer.

The elevator at Pierson station, Manitoba, on the C. P. R., was destroyed by fire, with 20,000 bushels of wheat.

A member of the Toronto Presbyterian synod has condemned the practice of members going out to smoke during prayers.

Five Kingston druggists have been fined $25 each by the police magistrate for selling liquor during prohibited hours without a doctor's certificate.

The Liberals of the new division of West Hamilton have nominated Hon. J. M. Gibson, the provincial secretary, for the legislature.

During the communion service in a Catholic church in Hamilton an ex-priest knocked the consecrated wafer out of the celebrant's hands. The offender was arrested.

It is undrestood that Charles Moss, Q. C., will be the Liberal candidate in South Toronto for the Ontario legislature. The Liberals of North Toronto have re-nominated Joseph Tait, M. P. P.

The governor-general has taken the lease of the residence of the late Mr. John Abbott on Sherbrooke street, Montreal. He intends spending some months next winter in Montreal with his family. Montreal society is delighted.

Information regarding the will of the late Mr. Peter Redpath, of the Manor House, Chiselhurst, England, is to the effect that the deceased gentleman bequeaths his entire property absolutely to Mrs. Redpath and constitutes her the sole executrix.

An incendiary fire destroyed Solomon Gage's barn and contents, three miles from Hamilton. Five valuable horses, agricultural implements and a quantity of grain were lost. The loss amounts to $3,000, with no insurance. A rig driven by the fire bugs was traced to the city limits.

By the fall of a chimney in the rear of the Canadian Pacific railway telegraph company's offices in Winnipeg, Howard Smith, check clerk, was instantly killed, and Aubrey Tennant, a message boy, was fatally injured. The boys were pulling themselves up by a pulley left by some workmen when the chimney gave way and fell upon them.

It is reported that at a meeting of the various societies of the P. P. A. in Kent, with Rev. J. C. Madill, head of the order, present, the candidates came to the unanimous decision that they could not conscientiously support the present representative of West Kent in the legislature, James Clancy, and a committee was appointed to interview Pardo, the Patron candidate.

General Herbert has given offence to the Montreal volunteers by expressing a compliment to the Pontifical Zouaves.

A rumor is current in Toronto that the Hon. Mr. Fraser, who has resigned his portfolio as minister of public works, will be appointed clerk of the house, the present incumbent, Col. Clarke, being otherwise provided for.

The Sharon poisoning case, which has been in progress before the court of assize in Toronto during the past ten days, has been concluded. The jury found a verdict of guilty against Mrs. Lottie Evans and George Osman. They were charged with conspiracy to poison Walter Evans, a Sharon, County York, hotelkeeper, and the husband of Lottie Evans. Charles Pegg, charged with being an accomplice, was discharged. Sentence on the two guilty ones was deferred.

Ladies' French Kid Button Gaiters $1.50 At Russell & McDonald's.

NANAIMO NEWS.

The New Court House—Northfield's Big Bicycle Meet.

We are pleased to report that there is a decided improvement in Harry Eastman's condition to-day. He is conscious and is able to talk about the accident. He says that he fell from the bridge, but gave no other explanation of the fall than has already been made.

A Presbyterian church is in course of erection on Pender island, and services will be held regularly throughout the summer months.

Ald. Ralph Craig is making arrangements for the purchase of J. M. Donaldson's blacksmithing business on Bastion street, so as to be able to resume work with the least possible delay.

A meeting will be held at Bickle's store, Wellington, this evening, to consider the advisability of forming a fire brigade for Wellington.

Arrangements are being made for the institution of a third lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in this city. It is understood that this new lodge will practically absorb the two Nanaimo lodges of the Canadian Order of Odd Fellows now in existence.

One practical improvement at least will be the outcome of Sunday's blaze. The C. P. R. Telegraph Co. will replace their wires across the ravine with a cable, guarding not only against any outbreak of fire, but against the wind, which has of late disorganized their wires too constantly to be pleasant.

F. M. Rattenbury, architect of the new parliament buildings, Victoria, arrived in town to-day to confer with M. Bray, government agent, with regard to the preparation of plans for the new court house. The actual amount to be expended on this badly needed building has not been decided as yet, but it is understood that its cost when completed will not be less than $50,000. At any rate the court house is to be built of stone and thoroughly fireproof throughout. The court house will contain ample accommodation for the different government offices required, including offices for the government agent, land registrar, mine inspector, sheriff, etc.

On Saturday, June 9th there is to be a bicycle meet at Northfield which should attract the best riders of the province. The events are well arranged and the prizes are well worth competing for. The programme as at present arranged is as follows: Half mile race, scratch, first prize $18; second $10; mile race, handicap, first prize 18, second $10; three mile handicap, first prize $25, second $12; five mile race, scratch, first $30, second $12; ten mile handicap, first $50, second $12. Further particulars can be obtained of James Deeming, secretary N. A. A. A., Northfield. The programme will also include a number of foot races.

WITH YANKEE CUTENESS.

Young Mackay Managed His Sister's Escape From Colonna's Spies.

New York, May 10.—John W. Mackay, jr., left town yesterday bound for Chicago. There he will meet his sister, Princess Colonna, whose successful evasion of her husband's spies in France some months ago, was largely due to young Mackay's ingenuity. In view of the false rumors that Princess Colonna will shortly sail to rejoin her husband the details of her recent escape acquire interest.

It was at her brother's suggestion that the Princess sent her three children, maid and secretary out of Paris on a train to Calais, while she started in a cab for another railway station and took the train alone for Havre. John W. Mackay, jr., in the meantime mounted his bicycle and speeding out of town joined his sister at a suburban station. The family were reunited at Southampton and Colonna's spies were thrown off the track. Princess Colonna is now on her way east from California in her special car. On the Pacific slope she has been widely entertained. She will, it is believed, shortly sail for England to join her mother, Mrs. John Mackay, for the season in London, but there will be no return to a Colonna roof. While their mother is away the Colonnas will remain in New York with their grandfather, John W. Mackay, sr., who is devoted to them.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Washington, May 10.—The sub-committee of the house committee on foreign affairs stated to-day it had investigated Blair's resolutions for the annexation of Hawaii, and also for an investigation of the Hawaiian revolution, and decided to report them adversely. Senate is considering the tariff.

New York, May 10.—A slight fire occurred on the cruiser Cincinnati to-day.

Washington, May 10.—Senator Manderson has introduced a bill reducing by one-half the present tax on manufacturers and retailers of oleomargarine.

New York, May 10.—Inquiry into the affairs of the Northern Pacific railway was resumed to-day. The first witness was Vice-President Searles of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. His testimony was technical, involving a mass of documentary details.

Uniontown, May 10.—The Rainy company at Moyer have not yet been enjoined from molesting the strikers on the plot of ground they have leased at Moyer.

Wonderful One Dollar Shoes. For Men, Women and Children at Russell & McDonald's.

The Umatilla's Passengers.

San Francisco, May 10.—The passengers by the steamer Umatilla, which left this morning for Victoria, are: Lillian Quinlan, W. B. Dolan and wife, F. Eremans Schiedel, C. A. Claus, A. C. Guild, R. E. Steel, P. J. Borchler, Dr. Verrinder and wife, Malcolm Stewart, Mrs. Duncan, J. Pusch, Charles Mallory, F. Norris and wife H. M. Spurgeon, T. Standring, R. C. Jackson, F. C. Holden, B. Warner and D. Brown.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Is Genuine Unless It Bears the Derby Cap Shaped Tag

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS, 76, 78 & 65 Fort Street. Telephone 408.

COMBS

We have just received a large consignment from Hamburg, Germany. First quality and reasonable prices.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Art cretonnes, art muslin, art silks, art crepe cloth, fancy figured muslins, art serge, etc., etc., at Weiler Bros.

—At Cedar Hill Friday evening Miss A. D. Cameron will repeat her lecture on the World's Fair.

—The Si Perkins company is registered at the Hotel Victoria. They play at the Victoria theatre to-night.

—At the house of Mrs. Frank Adams, Gorge road, a pleasant parlor social was given last night under the auspices of the W. C. T. U.

—The Kamloops Coal Company will hold a special meeting at Kamploops on Tuesday, May 15. Subject, renewing licenses and obtaining leases of the coal fields.

—At the regular monthly meeting of the Sons of Erin last night two new members were elected. A good literary and musical programme was presented.

—A meeting will be held in the city hall Friday afternoon at 4 to appoint an executive committee in connection with the Queen's birthday celebration. The meeting has been called by Mayor Teague at the request of the finance committee.

—The second entertainment given by G. P. Kleiser in Y. M. C. A. hall last evening was another great treat. The pieces recited by Mr. Kleiser were skilfully varied, and calculated to display admirably his versatile gifts. Mr. Burnett's pianoforte selections were much enjoyed, Miss Fraser and Mr. Moody sang very acceptably, and Miss Murray's elegant manipulation of the Indian clubs awakened great enthusiasm. A fine audience was present.

—Among the varied features to be introduced during the performance of "Si Perkins," which will be presented by the Burton-Coleman Company at the opera house this evening, is their olio of specialties, and the famous "Si Perkins" orchestra, directed by Prof. S. V. Downs, which is sure to be entertaining. Of the play itself it need only be said for laughing purposes there are no better, and this has been proved by the large audiences it always attracts. The parade given by the famous Pughtown farmers' band is great, be sure and see it.

—A San Francisco special says: When the report was first circulated here on Tuesday that the sealer Matthew Turner had been lost with all hands, Captain A. P. Lorentzen was loth to give it credence as he had received mail advices regarding the vessel's catch and fine prospects. A cablegram from Hakodate, Japan, received later, however, confirmed the dread tidings. It read: "It is reported that the Matthew Turner is a total loss, and it is also believed that all hands are lost." The Matthew Turner was a fine schooner and her first venture was this disastrous cruise after seals.

—A Victoria clergyman was hastily called into the country some twenty miles the other day to the bedside of a dying woman. He had a good horse and buggy, and rumor has it that he was a little hard on the animal as as to arrive in time at the bedside. The road was miry and full of ruts and passed through not a very level part of the country. A drenching rain did not improve matters, but the rain and the bad roads counted for nothing to the zealous minister. He made every effort to reach the cottage in time, and with wonderful success. When he arrived at the little dwelling of the dying woman, who lives by herself in a lonely spot, what was his surprise to see her planting potatoes in the garden, and to hear her greet him with "Good morning, your reverence."

—Several cablegrams have passed between Captain J. C. Nixon of Seattle and Captain E. P. Miner, who was the skipper of the sealer Henry Dennis when she was wrecked on the Japan coast not long ago, and as a result Captain Miner is to sail for home, taking the Canadian Pacific steamer from Yokohama, and will arrive here about the 25th of this month. Captain Miner reported briefly to Capt. Nixon that all matters pertaining to the wrecked sealer have been properly adjusted, which means that all papers necessary for certifying the vessel's loss to the insurance company have been made out and officially signed over there so that no delay will occasion in settling for the loss. It is not known here whether Captain Miner has arranged for the return home of any of the crew. It is believed that the men will have found berths with other sealers and will not necessitate the expense of buying passages home. The hunters are almost sure to be engaged by other sealers for they are all the best of shots and will be sought after by the fleet masters.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Suits reduced from $35 to $25 and from $30 to $20, at J. W. Creighton's, 86 Government street.

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore.

—Do not forget to inspect the fine assortment of "Liberty art materials" at Weiler Bros. The finest in the province.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—The interested persons in the Hardaker-Smith case went out to the property in dispute on the Craigflower road in company with Magistrate Macrae this morning.

—It has been definitely decided that the new school in James Bay district shall be officially known as the South Park school and the other new one in the northern portion of the city as the North Ward school.

—A brilliant assembly will entertain and be entertained this evening at the closing exercises of Miss McMicking's adult classes in physical culture and dancing, to be held in Institute hall, View street.

—Miss Annie Eddie and A. S. McRae were married last evening by Rev. Dr. Campbell at the manse, 173 Pandora avenue. The happy couple received the congratulations of a number of friends who were present. Mr. and Mrs. McRae will make Victoria their home.

—There is a proposition to run an excursion from Victoria to Vancouver to meet the visiting grand lodge representatives and knights of the mainland who intend taking part in the reception to be held in Victoria on June 6 to Supreme Chancellor Blackwell of the Knights of Pythias. A special boat will make the trip and it is probable that there will be an excursion from Vancouver to Victoria and return.

—Mary Wallila, charged with concealing the birth of her child, was committed for trial by Magistrate Macrae in the police court last night. Bartender McDonald, of the Western Hotel and Sergeant Walker gave evidence. The woman herself made a statement. She said her child was born dead. It was cold and she placed it beside her thinking to get it warm, but in half an hour got up, put it in a sack and put the sack over the transom into the baggage room where the body was found. Wallila showed signs of being in a weak condition and once she was nearly fainting.

—In the police court, James Baynes, drunk, was fined $10; John Thompson, drunk, $5. Constable Kavanagh told the police magistrate that Thomas Gray assaulted him when drunk. Kavanagh was taking Gray to the police station. Gray pleaded guilty and was sentenced to a month for being drunk and two months for the assault, the sentences to run concurrently. Sam Chung refused to pay his income tax and was fined $20 and costs. Ming Lee, Fong Ork and Seng Yuen, charged with a breach of the health by-law, were remanded till Saturday.

—A swimming club is being formed at the Leander baths, to be known as the Leander swimming club, and gentlemen who wish to join should send their names to Mr. Macdonald, the manager. It is intended to practice water polo and other aquatic sports, besides improvement in swimming. A public exhibition will be given at an early date, when open and club swimming races and other feats of skill and endurance will make up a very attractive programme. Quite a number of gentlemen have already sent in their names to become members of the swimming club. As the warm weather advances devotees of the morning swim are turning up at the baths in increasing numbers.

—The committee having in charge the preparations for the reception of Supreme Chancellor Blackwell of the K. of P., has reported the following programme. The supreme chancellor will arrive from the Sound by the City of Kingston on June 6th. An hour before the arrival of the steamer, members of the grand and subordinate lodges will meet at the Castle Hall and, accompanied by a band, will march to the wharf. Mayor Teague will be requested to welcome the supreme chancellor to the city. The knights will escort the visiting dignitary to the Castle Hall where an address will be presented to him by Grand Chancellor Austin. At 9:30 an open meeting for all will be held, and an exemplification of the work of the order will be given by the supreme chancellor, after which a banquet will be given. The supreme chancellor will attend the evening meeting of the grand lodge the following day. In the afternoon Supreme Chancellor Blackwell will be driven around the city accompanied by the officers and members of the grand lodge and on the following morning he will leave for Winnipeg to attend the session of the grand lodge of Manitoba.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—A consignment of spring and summer goods have just been received by Weiler Bros. They come direct from Liberty's, London, and comprise an excellent assortment of "art fabrics."

—L. E. Deane, 34, and Norman Hoshi, 30, both married, of Vancouver, were drowned on Tuesday morning in the inlet near Hastings by the upsetting of a sailing boat. Both were inexperienced in nautical matters, and ventured out in a heavy gale with a larger sail than the boat could carry. Two Italian fishermen found Deane clinging to the upturned boat off Hastings. In proper hands he could have been saved, but among the great crowd which gathered about him when he was taken ashore not one was found capable of applying the simple remedies for the resuscitation of those nearly drowned. He died before their eyes as they stood around helplessly looking on. The coroner's jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. The body of Hoshi had not been found at latest advices.

BIG FLEET OF YACHTS.

Eight Seattle Boats Will Be Here for the Celebration.

Delegates to the annual meeting of the Northwestern International Yachting Association were elected by the Seattle Yacht club last evening, a special meeting being called for that purpose, says yesterday's Post-Intelligencer. The convention will be held in Whatcom on July 4. W. C. Hellbron and G. A. Burch were chosen delegates and E. C. Cawley and J. H. Johnson alternates. The invitation of the Victoria Yacht club to participate in the regatta in honor of the Queen's birthday, May 24, 25 and 26, was accepted, and the following yachts were entered: Kelpie, Ranier Gracie, Felitz, Margery, Zora, Earl, Doris and Bremerton. This fleet will rendezvous at the club house on the evening of Saturday, May 19, and be ready to start at nine o'clock Sunday morning. The secretary was instructed to inform the Everett people of the programme, as they had expressed a wish to join in the cruise to Victoria. The club decided to hold its annual opening cruise and ball on decoration day, the yachts to rendezvous at the club house in the afternoon and cruise with the ladies abroad, returning for a ball in the evening. An interesting feature of the Victoria regatta this year will be the new rating to be given the yachts, which is more in accordance with the methods of yacht clubs elsewhere, and is under the rules of the Victoria club. Instead of rating by length alone the rating will be found by multiplying the load water line by the sail area in square feet and dividing the product by 6,000. By this method yachts carrying a sail area proportionately large for their length will have no advantage on this account.

Ladies' Oxford Tie Shoes $1.00
At Russell & McDonald's.

SONGS AND GLEES.

Pleasant Evening by a Clever Local Company.

The first concert of the Victoria Choral Society was given last evening in the presence of a large and appreciative audience in Institute Hall, View street, the director being W. E. Buck. Gade's popular cantata "The Erl King's Daughter," was the heavy-weight number on a programme that contained few easy pieces. Miss Heathfield, Mrs. Rickaby and J. G. Brown were the soloists, and did their duty well. The chorus work, however, left considerable room for improvement, and forced the opinion that lack of practice was responsible for the shortcomings. J. G. Brown, a veteran of song, can be trusted to satisfactorily accomplish any work set for him to do, and last night he did not disappoint. Miss Heathfield's sweet and very pure voice gave great pleasure to the audience last evening in singing the difficult music assigned to her. The rendering of the "Morning Hymn" in the third part was the best part of the whole cantata, and seemed to have received special attention. It is a beautiful and tuneful piece and it was worthily treated.

The singing of an adaptation of Sullivan's "Lost Chord" was a very pleasing effort by the ladies' chorus. "The Cruiskeen Lawn" was encored deservedly. F. Victor Austin, in Mendelssohn's "Allegro Appassionata," appeared to be somewhat away from shore. In fact it was perfectly clear that Mr. Austin had miscalculated his powers in attacking a piece that is not surpassed in difficulty by any ever composed. It is extremely doubtful if the audience would have understood or appreciated this piece even had it been properly played, for it certainly possesses not a single fragment of that which wins the questionable reputation of "popularity." Indeed, both performer and listener ought to go into training for such a selection, appropriate only for the hands of a maestro playing before an audience of the highest musical cultivation.

Miss Dawson's interpretation of Rubinstein's "Impromptu Brillante," was capital, and won her great praise. "The Gipsies' Laughing Song," by Mrs. D. R. Harris, Miss Jamieson and W. E. Buck deserved the encore it received. Miss Devereux and Mr. Buck sang very sweetly Donizetti's "L'Addio," and replied to a demand for an encore.

The concert was a success, and future entertainments by the Victoria Choral Society will be well noted by local music lovers.

It should be mentioned that Mrs. Rickaby's singing in the difficult portions of the cantata entrusted to her care was very much admired and caused a great deal of favorable comment.

Wonderful Bargains in Boots
At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

THE FUTURE OF HAWAII

Ex-Governor Wells of Virginia Gives His Views on That Subject—Elections.

Delegates Were Peacefully Chosen for Their Constitutional Convention.

H. H. Wells, of Washington, D. C., a well known American newspaper man and war governor of Virginia for two years during the revolutionary period, is in the city on his way home from Honolulu. He arrived on the steamship Warrimoo this morning, is at the Hotel Victoria to-day, and leaves to-night for Washington going via Seattle where he will spend a few days. He gave a Times man an interview on the present situation, constitutional convention election and future of the islands, at the hotel this afternoon. He said:

"The election was as quiet as any ever held in any township in the world. Indeed no community anywhere is more perfectly orderly and quiet than that of Honolulu. All they need is a regularly established government. The present government is good enough, and administers the law faithfully but it wants permanency. It is remarkable that all the world demands is that Hawaii should have a regularly established government, an ocean cable, and a great naval station such as no weak government, a weak community or private capitalists could establish. No one requires these more than Victoria and all British Americs. You want to distribute its warmth and your coldness, southern products with the things you raise. Nothing stands in the way of it except one woman with no following, no divine right, nor any choice by the people, to reign or command any more than to be ruled and obey. It was a mistake to attempt to put her back on the throne, because it would have retarded civilization, and no one man or woman is big enough for that. Mr. Cleveland's mistake in supposing he could make a republic into a monarchy, or that he could haul down the American flag without the severe and almost universal condemnation of the people, was a great one. Honolulu is literally the centre of the world of waters and England and the United States more than any other countries must finally be in accord on the question of the occupation of the islands by the United States. I have no authority to speak for anyone but myself, but I am entirely convinced the American minister, Mr. Willis, and Admiral Walker must from necessity be in accord, and it can only be a short time before they will solve the problem with the full approval of the administration at Washington and the American people. The election caused no contest except in the conflicting ambitions of individuals here and there. A constitutional convention was inevitable, members to it had to be chosen, those finally chosen would finally agree, and together frame a moderate and wise constitution. The real disturbing cause that keeps a few people calling themselves royalists in a condition of antagonism is the silly inventions of a few letter writers who regularly furnish the most absurd accounts from Washington as to what is being done. For instance the last I heard was that a well known individual, once a member for a short time of Kalakaua's cabinet, had assured some natives that the 1st of June had been agreed upon when something decisive would be done in their interests by Mr. Cleveland, an event not nearly so probable as the breaking out of a volcano that will destroy the islands and drink up the Pacific.

"The trade of Canada with the islands is growing constantly and I regard the present line as a splendid thing for your province and country. The service is a good one, the steamships are excellent and if the courtesy of the officers counts for anything the line will be popular."

Spring Novelties.
The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge.

The Old Cost Sale Racket Played Out

We Do NOT Stop At Cost

But Sell Many Goods Below

Come And See For Yourself

Boys' Grey and Blue Flannel Shirts 50c.
Men's Union Check Shirts - - 50c., 75c.
Men's Print Shirts - - - 50c.
Men's Grey Flannel Shirts - 75c., $1
Men's Navy Flannel Shirts - - - $1

Cameron. THE CASH CLOTHIER
55 Johnson Street.

THE STANLEY HOUSE
BANKRUPT SALE.

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A week of Remnants, commencing Tuesday Morning, May 8th. Everything in the way of ends thrown out. Greater reductions than ever in all departments.
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The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B. C.
MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST
(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls. 6¾c. per lb.
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags, 5¾c. "
Granulated, " " 5¼c. "
Yellow, according to quality, " 4 to 4¾c. "
100 lb. Kegs ½c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.

SYRUPS—30 Gal. Barrels, 2½c. per lb.
10 " Kegs, 2¾c. "
5 " " $2.00 each.
1 " Tins, $4.25 per case of 10
½ " " 2.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

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Why not try
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?
Doctors highly recommend it to those
Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.
PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufacturers.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 7.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 7 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

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Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE WONDERFUL HORNET.

Thirty Knots an Hour Shown—The Gem of Steamboats.

A noteworthy series of trials of the new torpedo boat destroyer the Hornet, built and engined by Yarrow & Co., of Poplar, were brought to a highly satisfactory conclusion by the completion of the official trials of the vessel on Monday last, which took place off the mouth of the Thames.

It will be remembered that there was recorded in the Times of November 22, under the heading of Water Tube Boilers in the Navy, the experimental trial of a new boiler on the water tube principal patented by the builders of the Hornet. The boiler, as stated, was one of eight with which the Hornet was to be fitted, and from the tests to which it was then subjected it gave evidence of capabilities as a steam generator for sea going purposes which have been practicall realised within the past month.

Preceding the final official trial of the vessel, a first private preliminary one was made on January 31, which was a great success, as she then proceeded to sea with only four boilers on board, being half the boiler power, in a comparatively light condition, when a speed of 23.3 knots per hour was realised, the boilers working at a very moderate air pressure, and supplying with ease all the demands made upon them for steam. On February 23, the whole of the eight boilers having been fitted on board in the meantime, and the vessel completed, she proceeded on a trial which, in its result, is memorable, marking, as it does, the realization at sea of the highest steaming speed yet attained by any vessel, as she in three out of seven runs on the Maplin mile made over 30 knots an hour, the average speed for the seven runs being 28 knots, the engines at the time making nearly 400 revolutions a minute, steam being maintained in the boilers at 172 pounds pressure a square inch, with a little over an inch of air pressure. On March 7 a further trial was made with the vessel over the same ground with very fair success, the engines developing a total indicated power of about 4,000 horse with one and a half-inches of air pressure in the stock holds; but one of the guide bars of the engine having begun to heat, it was deemed advisable to return and proceed with the vessel at moderate speed to her moorings. On this occasion the vessel was rather deeper in the water than her normal loaded displacement.

Matters having been adjusted by the docking of the vessel, her manganese propellers fitted, trim regulated and engines in sea going order, she left Gravesend on Monday last and proceeded down the river. On reaching Thames Haven about 10 a.m. three hours' continuous trial was begun under forced draught, during which six runs were made on the Maplin mile, and a mean speed was attained of 27.313 knots. On the completion of the mile runs, the vessel, for the remainder of the trial time, was run straight out into the North sea, and on the expiration of three hours was found to have realized a mean speed over the whole of the time of 27.628 knots, the engines having run at a mean of 388.3 revolutions per minute and developed a total of 4,000 indicated horse power, with steam at a pressure of 160 pounds per square inch and one and a half inches of air pressure.

The Hornet is 180 feet long, 18 feet 6 inch beam, and at a mean draught of 5 feet has about 220 tons displacement. Her propelling engines are twin triple compounds of Messrs. Yarrow's ordinary design for torpedo boats. The cylinders are 18 inches, 26 inches, and 30 1-2 inches in diameter respectively, the piston rod being 18 inches. Her boilers are eight in number, having a total heating surface of 8,216 square feet and a grate surface of 164.8 square feet, the furnace bar length being 6 feet 6 inches. They are arranged in two stoke holds in groups of four, each pair of boilers having a funnel, thus giving four funnels to the vessel—the first ever fitted with so many in the British navy—which, with the exception of cowls for carrying air into the fans—horizontal ones in the case of the Hornet—and for ventilating purposes, are the only important projections above the deck aft of the forward turtle back.

The main features of the Yarrow water tube boiler having been popularly described in the issue of the Times before referred to, we have, in conclusion, to direct attention to what appears to be the very great advantage offered by the water tube boiler of the Yarrow type over those wherein bent or curved tubes are adopted; as it is a matter of common knowledge that impurities in the feed water of a boiler are far more likely to adhere to the inside surface of a tube that is tortuous than of one in which the water evaporation has a straight unchecked course in its circulation through the tubes as in the Yarrow boiler.—London Times.

COMMUNE HORRORS.

Incidents of the Beginning of the Great French Tragedy.

A young linesman staggered into the courtyard, bare headed, ghastly pale, his tunic half stripped off, his neck was cut deeply open at the bottom of the right side for a length of nearly six inches, and the severed flesh hung down on to the shoulder in a thick scarlet fold; he dripped with blood, and literally spattered it about him as he reeled in. He still held his rifle with his left hand, and with his right he dragged after him a young woman with nothing on her but a torn chemise and uniform trousers (which indicated that she had been a cantiniere of the commune).

With last effort the soldiers flung the woman towards us, stammering out hoarsely: "She has killed my captain; she has killed two of my comrades; she has cut my throat, and yet I bring her to you alive." And then the poor young fellow dropped heavily, his rifle ringing on the stones as it dropped with him.

"Tie that woman's hands behind her," ordered the commanding officer, as the soldier was put upon a litter for conveyance to the ambulance. Silent and breathless stood the woman. She seemed to expect immediate death. Her shoulders, her tattered chemise, her arms and hands, were splashed everywhere with blood; the expression of her white face, with the hard glazed eyes, the clenched teeth, and the strained distortion of the corners of the mouth, was demoniacal. Straight she stood before us, her head thrown back as if to dare the worst, she made no answer to the questions put to her. There was some discussion among the officers as to whether it was not their duty to have her shot at once. But, though the case was clear, they shrank from commencing executions by a woman, and after some hesitation spared her, taking it for granted that she would be condemned when tried. Her arms bound back, she was sent into the cellar. She was, however, the only one let off. From that moment every prisoner, man or woman, brought in redhanded was taken across to the park and executed right away.—Blackwood's Magazine.

THE METHOD OF EXORCISM.

How the Devil Was Made to Tell the Truth.

The process of exorcism was truly a terrible ordeal. The patient was made fast to a chair—tied so tightly that she bore the marks for years—and was compelled to swallow "the whole potion," a pint sack, salad oil, rue and other ingredients. The demoniac's head was then forcibly held over a dish of burning brimstone, asafetida, and "other stinking gear." Under the effects of the sickening draught, the stifling fumigation, the loud adjurations of the officiating priests and the cries of the excited bystanders, the patient struggled and screamed, talked nonsense, and frequently swooned away.

The ritual used was most probably that of the Flagellum Dæmonum, published by the Franciscan Menghi in 1582. Mr. Stamp one day cried out to Sara's devil: "Ah, Sirra! * * * I have a whip in my pocket that will bridle thee," and he drew out a book of exorcisms. In this book, and others of the kind gathered together in the famous Malleus Maleficarum, will be found receipts for the concoction of a number of suitable potions and fumigations, with rubrics for their administration. "If the devil will not obey," says Menghi, "take fire and sulphur, and let the demoniac be fumigated, whether he will or no, until he tells the truth about all that you may be pleased to ask." It is particularly directed that the fumigation should be maintained for a long time and the exorcism for two or three hours together.—The Ninteenth Century.

Not a Heretic in New France.

Mr. John Fiske, in his paper on Francis Parkman, in the May Atlantic, thus describes the paternal government of New France: Of all the societies that have been composed of European men, probably none was ever so despotically organized as New France, unless it may have been the later Byzantine Empire, which it resembles in the minuteness of elaborate supervision over all the pettiest details of life. In Canada, the protective, paternal, socialistic, or nationalistic theory of government—it's the same old cloven hoof, under whatever specious name you introduce it—was more fully carried into operation than in any other community known to history, except ancient Peru. No room was left for individual initiative or enterprise. All undertakings were nationalized. Governments looked after every man's interests in this world and the next; baptized and schooled him; married him and paid the bride's dowry; gave him a bounty with every child that was born to him; stocked his cupboard with garden seeds and compelled him to plant them; prescribed the size of his house and the number of horses and cattle he might keep, and the exact percentages of profit he might be allowed to make, how his chimneys should be swept, how many servants he might employ, what theological doctrine he might believe, what sort of bread the bakers might bake, and where goods might be bought, and how much might be paid for them; and if, in a society so well cared for, it were possible to find indigent persons, such paupers were duly relieved from a fund established by the government. Unmitigated benevolence was the theory of Louis XIV's Canadian colony, and heartless political economy had no place there. Nor was there any room for free-thinkers: when the King, after 1685, sent out word that no mercy must be shown to heretics, the governor, Denonville, with a pious ejaculation, replied that not so much as a single heretic could be found in all Canada.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

An Iron Railway Tunnel.

The completion of one of the largest railway iron tunnels in Great Britain at Glasgow—the Mound North tunnel on the North British line, is noted in 'Transport.' The mound is a large artificial earthen embankment made across the bed of the old Nor' lock, and carrying the national gallery and one of the main thoroughfares between the old and new towns, and the work has therefore had to be carried out with great care. At the beginning of the tunneling operation a slight 'movement' took place at the national gallery, and cracking was observed here and there throughout the building; but nothing very serious occurred. The new tunnel is in effect a huge cast iron tube seventeen feet six inches in length by eighteen inches in bredth, bolted together through flanges seven inches deep and one and seven-eighths inches thick. In cutting the tunnel the shield system was adopted; the average rate of progress per day being one foot nine inches. The appliances used in the construction of this work will now be removed to the south side of the existing tunnel, where a second single line tunnel in connection with the Waverly Station improvements is also being pierceld.

Economy and Strength.

Valuable vegetable remedies are used in the preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such a peculiar manner as to retain the full medicinal value of every ingredient. Thus Hood's Sarsaparilla combines economy and strength and is the only remedy of which "100 Doses One Dollar" is true. Be sure to get Hood's.

HOODS PILLS do not purge, pain or grip, but act promptly, easily and efficiently.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

CREAM-OF-TARTAR TREES.

Stories of the Drug Found in the Seeds of the Adansonia.

Nature's laboratory is ceaselessly working, developing and storing up products for the use of mankind at large. In the vegetable kingdom this is especially noticeable; and if man sometimes only succeeds, after much experiment and work, in making the plant give up its useful properties, at other times—and these are of frequent occurrence—he finds the product already manufactured and requiring but a small amount of preparation to render it fit for utilization. To this latter category of plants yielding ready-made products the cream-of-tartar trees may be said to belong; they are members of the genus Adansonia, of the natural order Bombaceae. Until within the past few years it was thought that only one species could rightly claim the title of the cream-of-tartar tree—the Adansonia Gregorii, the gouty tree of Northern Australia. Recent researches have, however, proved that the Baobab (Adansonia digitata) of Senegal contained nearly 2 per cent. of tartaric acid and nearly 12 per cent. of bitartrate of potassium. The acid is found in the farinaceous pulp surrounding the seed, and has at all times been highly esteemed by travellers, who mix it with a little water in order to make a refreshing beverage.

Until the discovery of the Mammoth Tree of California and the Eucalypts the Adansonia was considered the largest tree in the world. Its height is from forty to seventy feet and its diameter near the base very often thirty feet, whilst the top is over one hundred and eighty feet across. A Venetian who has left us the most ancient description of the tree tells us that in 1454 he found one at the mouth of the Senegal with a circumference of one hundred and twelve feet. The tree is very disproportionate, as may be gathered from the fact that Gregory—after whom the Australian species is named—saw one eighty-five feet in circumference at a height of two feet from the ground. A missionary in Madagascar, writing some years back, speaks of the Adansonia madagascariensis, an allied species, as the ugliest specimen of a tree he had ever beheld, and likenede it to a fat two gallon bottle the neck of which had been knocked off and a few birch twigs placed there instead. The lower branches of the Adansonia digitata are very long, and at first horizontal, extending, perhaps, sixty feet; the consequence of which is that they bend down to the ground, entirely hiding the trunk, and giving the tree the appearance of a huge mass of verdure.

Not the least curious feature of some of these trees is the age they are supposed to have attained. From inscriptions Adanson discovered cut into the trunks of some trees in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, he computed—judging from the depths of the cuts which were covered with layers of wood, and from the comparison of the thickness of trunks whose various ages were known—that the trees having a diameter of thirty-two feet were 5150 years old. Dr. Livingstone, too, has paid a tribute to the wonderful vitality of the tree. He says: "I would back a true Mowana (the name given to the tree in the neighborhood of Lake Ngami) against a dozen floods, provided you do not boil it in salt water; but I cannot believe that any of those now alive had a chance of being subjected to the experiment of even the Noachian deluge."

Dr. Duchassaing some years back recommended that the bark should be used medicinally in the place of chinchona bark, but for some reason his suggestion was never followed up. The bark contains a remarkably strong fibre, which in some parts is made into ropes and in others woven into cloth. Experiments have been made in this country with a view of utilizing it for paper. All who tried it agreed that the bark possessed magnificent properties; but it cannot be imported in sufficiently large quantities to make it of any commercial value.

A bitter principle, to which the name of Adansonin has been given, is extracted from the bark. It appears in fine white needles, of a smell similar to that of aloes or gentian, and is extremely bitter in taste. It is interesting from the fact that it is the only producet known up to the present that has an antagonistic action to the Strophanthus arrow poison, a deadly poisonous seed used by the natives on the west and east coasts of Africa to insure their arrows inflicting a fatal wound. Although both Adansonia and Strophanthus grow in the same vicinity, the natives seem to be unaware of the antidotal properties of the former.—Chambers' Journal.

Eccentric Wit.

When Artemus Ward's business manager once asked him about his Puritanical origin he replied: "I think we came from Jerusalem, for my father's name was Levi, and we had a Moses and a Nathan in the family, but my poor brother's name was Cyrus, so perhaps that makes us Persians."

When the humorist began his lecture he would sometimes describe it by saying, "One of the features of my entertainment is that it contains so many things that it don't have anything to do with," and in the middle of his lecture he would stop and say:

"Owing to a slight indisposition we will now have an intermission of fifteen minutes."

The audience would begin to feel uncomfortable at the thought of staring at vacancy for that time, when, rubbing his hands, the lecturer would continue, "But, ah—I will occupy the intermission by telling a few stories."

It is said that even his business letters were eccentric, and that once in writing to a publisher who had made some alterations in his manuscript he said: "The next book I write I'm going to get you to write."

Superstition of the Turks.

The superstition of the Turks is nowhere so apparent as in their fear of the "evil eye." Jugs placed around the edge of the roof, or an old shoe filled with garlic and blue beets (blue glass balls or rings) are a sure guard against this allusion. Whenever a pretty child is playing upon the street the passerby will say "Oh, what an ugly child!" for fear of inciting the evil spirit against its beauty. The peasant classes in Turkey are of course the most ignorant. They have no education whatever, and can neither read nor write. Stamboul is the only great city of which they know. Paris is a term signifying the whole outside world. An American missionary was once asked: "In what part of Paris is America?" Yet it can be said that they are generally honest and always patient. They earn from about six to eight cents a day. This will furnish them with ekmek and pilaff, and that is all they expect. They eat meat only on feast days and then only mutton. The tax-gatherer is their only grievance; they look upon him as a necessary evil. They have no idea of being ground down under the oppresser's iron heel. Yet they are happy because they are contented, and have no envy. The poorer, the more ignorant a Turk is, the better he seems to be. As he gets money and power, he becomes "contaminated" by western civilization and deteriorates.

An Abandoned City.

A party of archaeologists just returned here from the northeast corner of North Dakota tell a thrilling story of the abandoned city of West Lynne. The city is desolate and going to decay. No traffic goes on on its streets or business in its stores; no homes are in the dwellings. The streets are graded, heavy sidewalks, and trees and shrubbery flourish in the yards surrounding residences, but all is silence and loneliness.

The town is opposite Emerson, just across the Manitoba line from St. Vincent. There, on two sides of the Red river and within an area of four square miles, are four towns—Emerson, West Lynne, Winston and Pembina. West Lynne is on the west bank of the river.

The history of the place is one of the romances of town building in the boom period, when Winnipeg was the metropolis of the north.

Some schemers with more fertility than scruples platted and exploited a city on the river at a point where they claimed the Great Northern was to cross. Eastern capitalists were becoming interested and money was plentiful. There was no sham about the actual construction of that town, but a substantial reality.

A man named Murray, of Chicago, was the agent. He sold lots at auction for $5,000 each. While he would be selling a telegram would come notifying him of the sale of a certain plat, and it would be withdrawn.

Then he sold adjoining lots at advanced prices. That was the broker feature. Meantime building was progressing.

No board shanties, wood walls nor canvas shells, but handsome structures of brick or lumber, thoroughly finished in approved style, were erected, and to-day the town is a handsome but useless monument to the credulity of some and the hardihood of others.

It has buildings which cost from $5,000 to $10,000 and a bridge which cost $200,000, and is capable of holding a population of 20,000, and yet no human being lives in it.—Philadelphia Times.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents.

Loss of Flesh

is one of the first signs of poor health. Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Diseased Blood follow.

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To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."						TONNAGE 1111
8 30 pm	Lv	0	*Victoria	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	Seattle	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	*Tacoma	0	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent.
A. D. CHARLTON
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
Washington, Portland.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. A. RATTRAY,
General Agent.
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, May 12th, 1894, 2 p.m.
For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Alameda....Thursday, May 31, at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
R. W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M
Walla Walla - - May 13
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.
The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m., on Thursday October 12th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

Miles from Wellington	No. 2 Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays		No. 1 Passenger Daily	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

STATIONS: Victoria, [illegible], Esquimalt, [illegible], Shawnigan Lake, [illegible], Nanaimo, Wellington

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

Miles from Victoria	No. 1 Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays		No. 2 Passenger Daily	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.
Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1300 Pacific Ave
E. P. ROGERS, Tacoma, Wash.
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER **JOAN**

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria .... Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.
Trips to Valdes Island are discontinued.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

Boating Suits, Cricket and Tennis Trousers,
Fine Flannel Shirts, Silk Shirts, Cashmere Shirts.
Straw Hats for Men and Boys in Great Variety.
See Our Assortment before purchasing. We are offering Special Values this season to suit the times.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
97 Johnson Street.

TEACHING THE YOUNG IDEA.

Scheme for the Re-Arrangement of Teachers When the New Schools Open.

Teacher and Janitor at Victoria West School Are on the Warpath.

The school board was in session until 11 o'clock last night, but got through much business. Chairman Hayward presided, and Trustees Marchant, Lovell, Glover and Saunders were in attendance.

Bishop Cridge applied for the continued use of the Hillside school after it is vacated and the north ward school occupied. Rev. P. McF. Macleod made a similar request for the old James Bay building.

Chairman Hayward said it would be well to charge a nominal sum for rent. He was opposed to the sale of the property, stating that in reply to Trustee Saunders who asked if they were to be sold.

Trustee Marchant suggested that if not used for school purposes the property would revert to the province.

Chairman Hayward said that the law had been amended recently.

On motion of Trustee Marchant the two requests were granted, and the rental was fixed at the nominal sum of 50 cents per month in each case.

Ald. W. J. Ledingham wrote telling of an instance of a lot of school boys stoning a Chinaman driving a team belonging to the firm of Hong Yuen & Co., and causing a runaway with serious damage to the wagon.

Trustee Marchant denounced such a practice and on his motion the secretary will write the school principals, who will investigate and report.

Letters from Principals Paul and Tait asking for some printing and repairs, were referred to the supply committee.

Principal Nicholson and Principal Stephenson each presented letters making charges against Janitor Henry Callow at their school. The letters are as follows:

Victoria West School, May 3, 1894.
B. Williams, Esq., Secretary Board of School Trustees:

Dear Sir,—The stovepipes in my own and Mr. Stephenson's rooms are so choked up that the stoves have no draught and when fires are lit in them the rooms immediately become filled with smoke. I have to dispense with the use of fires altogether in my room. I have informed Mr. Callow, the janitor, about the matter but he refuses to take down the pipes and clean them. Trusting you will promptly attend to this affair,

Respectfully yours,
THOS. NICHOLSON,
Principal.

Victoria West School, May 4th, 1894.
Mr. Charles Hayward, Chairman School Board:

Sir,—I would respectfully draw your attention to the conduct of the janitor here who delights in insulting me with abusive language within a few minutes after the dismissal of the school and while a few scholars of the other classes are about the yard preparing to go home. Though entirely a personal matter arising over a little difference between this janitor and myself you will however agree with me that he is not licensed to insult me with the grossest language so soon after school and in the presence of children. He has done this on two occasion and has threatened to repeat it at some future time. On the 7th of March he first started his eccentricities by using vile talk to me while I was busy with school work only ten minutes after dismissal. When requested not to talk so he grew violent and threatened to eject me remarking that he was in possession of the school while I had no business there. This man repeated such disgraceful conduct on the first instant remarking that at our next meeting he would give me a d——d good licking. I immediately left with the remark that I was going to a lawyer's whereupon he yelled out to "go to h——l." I was at the school gate then while a few of the children were in the yard. Sorry I could not identify any as I felt so thoroughly ashamed of myself I could not look about me. I have not given him occasion to act so, as I have been very generous towards him; and it is nothing else but rank stupidity on his part to treat me thus. With apologies for intruding on your time, I am, sir,

Respectfully yours,
JOHN J. STEPHENSON.

It was moved by Trustee Glover seconded by Trustee Saunders, that a chimney sweeper be engaged to clean the pipes and the cost be taken out of Mr. Callow's salary. Carried.

It was moved by Trustee Marchant and seconded by Trustee Saunders that a committee consisting of Trustees Lovell and Glover and the chairman be appointed to investigate the charges made by Mr. Stephenson, with power to dismiss the janitor if found true. Carried.

Chief Deasy wrote saying that there should be iron fire escapes on the new school buildings. He pointed out the danger of panics and enclosed a copy of the act governing the matter.

Trustee Glover wanted to know how many children could safely get down one of those iron ladders during a panic.

Trustee Lovell thought the new schools with their three sets of interior stairways were safe enough. The matter was referred to a committee composed of Trustees Glover and the chairman.

Prof. G. M. Davidson, of Peterborough, applied for the position of music teacher. He was high in his own praise, and eulogized the tonic-sol-fa system. Mary Lucas and John Simpson, M. A., applied for positions as teachers. The applications were received and tabled temporarily.

The Victoria Plumbing Company submitted proposals for covering the pipes and boiler of the new north ward school with asbestos wool cement and mineral wool. The cost of the first-named was placed at $280 and the latter $390.

Trustee Saunders said he believed the pipes should be covered as it would result in a great saving of fuel.

Trustee Lovell wanted to know why this was not in the original contract and if done how he wanted it done by open tender. The matter went to the supply committee with power to act.

A draft of the bond to be given by Elford & Smith in the north ward school matter was referred to Trustee Yates and the chairman.

A number of bills were ordered referred to the finance committee for payment if found to be correct.

The report of the committee on school boundaries was referred back to the committee for further consideration and with instructions to submit a map. The chairman was added to the committee.

Chairman Marchant of the committee named to fix the amounts of salaries in the new schools and to consider what changes were necessary, presented his report. After a long discussion, in which several changes were made the report was adopted in the following form:

1. They recommend the closing at the end of the present term of the Hillside, Rock Bay and James Bay ward schools, also the closing of the central annex school and the doing away with the positions of monitors in the third and fourth divisions of the central school.

2. We recommend that all appointments to and changes in the city teaching staff be made prior to the end of June, so that those teachers, if any, whose services are dispensed with may be afforded ample time to seek other positions.

3. Your committee estimate that about 320 pupils of both sexes will attend the north ward school upon its opening in August and consequently recommend the appointment of eight teachers to compose its teaching staff.

4. We further estimate that about 320 pupils will attend the south ward school on its opening in August, and recommend that eight teachers be appointed to this school.

5. The salaries of the north ward school are recommended as follows: Principal, $100 per month; 1st assistant, $80; 2nd do., $70; 3rd do., $65; 4th do., $60; 5th do., $55; 6th do., $50, and 7th do., $40.

6. Those of the south ward school: Principal, $100 a month; 1st assistant, $80; 2nd do., $70; 3rd do., $65; 4th do., $60; 5th do., $55; 6th do., $50; and 7th do., $40.

7. In the girls' central school two changes are recommended—that the principal's salary be raised fro $85 to $90 per month and that of the seventh assistant be lowered from $50 to $40 per month.

8. We recommend that the salary of the seventh assistant, boys' central, be lowered from $50 to $40 per month.

9. In view of the possible affiliation of the high school with some Canadian university of good standing, your committee suggests the advisability of obtaining the services of teachers who are university graduates, and therefore recommend that the first assistant be paid $110 per month and the second assistant $100 per month.

10. The salaries of the teachers in Victoria West and Spring Ridge schools should remain unaltered.

11. It is also suggested that it be made part of the terms upon which teachers are engaged that they be held strictly responsible for the preservation of school furniture.

The report for the month was as follows: Average daily attendance, 1710.87; average actual attendance, 1680.92; pupils actually attending, 2005; and average per teacher, 46.65.

The board went into committee and named A. B. McNeill as principal of the new north ward school and Miss Agnes Deans Cameron principal of the new south ward school.

Sets a Good Example.

In order to emphasize the importance of the cultivation of the soil and to encourage his subjects to follow agricultural pursuits, the Emperr o. China often performs certain rites at the "Emperor's field" and goes through the form of ploughing and other work of the husbandman. One day recently the emperor set out at daybreak from his palace with a numerous and magnificent train of courtiers and others. Before breakfast the emperor arrived at the shrines of the deity presiding over agriculture, and his majesty stopped to offer up his thanksgiving and sacrifices. After changing his dress the morning repast was served, at the end of which the emperor proceeded to the field, at the four corners of which were erected four pavilions where the seeds of wheat and other cereals were placed.

In the centre were a number of magnificently attired courtiers, each holding aloft a many colored flag, while on the sides of the passage were scores of aged and white haired farmers, each having in his hand some agricultural implement. Placing his left hand on the plough and holding the whip in his right hand the emperor began the ceremony of the occasion. By pre-arrangement the officers did their allotted share, some wielding the agricultural implements, while others scattered seeds out of the baskets as if sowing, while the emperor was busied with the plough, which was hitched to a richly caparisoned bullock draped in yellow and led by two of the emperor's bodyguard. On the emperor finishing his rounds at the plough the princes were ordered to go through the same performance, and after them nine high courtiers had their turn.—Pall Mall Gazette.

English Homes and American.

On entering an Englishman's house the first thing one notices is how well his house is adapted to him. On entering an American's house the first thing one notices is how well he adapts himself to his house. In England the establishment is carried on with a prime view to the comfort of the man. In America the establishment is carried on with a prime view to the comfort of the women. Men are more selfish than women, consequently the English home is as a rule more comfortable than the American home.

An Englishman is continually going home, an American is continually going to business. One is forever planning and scheming to get home, and to stay at home, and to enjoy the privileges of home; while the other is more apt to devote his energies to make his business a place to go to and in which to spend himself. These minor details of domestic life put their impress upon larger matters of business and politics.—Price Collier, in the May Forum.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

America Photographed

Part 7 Now Ready.

OUR CONTINENT BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

PART SEVEN CONTAINS:

EAGLE GLACIER, ALASKA.
ORIZABA, MEXICO.
MUIR GLACIER, ALASKA.
A CYPRESS BRAKE IN LOUISIANA.
SEAL AND BEAR, GARDEN OF THE GODS.
SACRO MONTE AT AMECAMECA.
TCHULA LAKE, MISS.
SIERRA BLANCA, COLORADO.
U. S. CRUISER CHARLESTON.
TAKU INLET AND GLACIER.
OLD-TIME MISSISSIPPI COTTON PRESS.
MT. RANIER.
LOUISIANA SUGAR PLANTATION.
CANYON OF THE GRAND RIVER, COLORADO.
TOTEM POLES, ALASKA.
UNCOMPAHYRE BRIDGE.

NEVADA'S PETRIFIED TREE.

The Greatest Giant of the Forest Almost Transparent.

The largest tree in the world lies broken and petrified at the end of a defile in northwestern Nevada. Its dimensions are so great that those who know of its existence hesitate to tell the story because they hardly expect to be believed; but there is sufficient evidence to give the tale credit, improbable though it may seem.

This tree makes the monarchs of the Mariposa grove seem like impostures, and compared to it, "the tallest pine grown on Norwegian hills to be the mast of some great admiral, is but a wand." As for the story of its discovery, it is thus told to the San Francisco Examiner by "Dad" Lyon, of Fresno, and supported by other equally well-known people.

"Back in 1869, a company of about forty-five left Red Bluff to prospect the then unknown country beyond Honey Lake and Surprise Valley. There were in the party lawyers, butchers and shoemakers, but we were one-sided on one point—each individual felt positive that this was the turning point of his existence, and that bright, shining gold in unlimited quantities would reward the rather unpleasant jaunt.

"The Indians—we called them Bannecks—were at that time raising hair, and very sudden moves were made at times necessary, in order to get rid of their unwelcome attentions. Finding but little gold in this section, we travelled toward Baker county, Or., through a country entirely denuded of timber, except a few dwarf cottonwoods along the water ways. Close to the Baker county line we came to an opening in the rocks about wide enough for our wagons to go through, and on either side loomed precipices five hundred and six hundred feet high. The crevasse was about fifteen miles long, and at its end, just to the right of the trail, we found a number of petrified tree stumps of different heights and sizes.

"In their midst, on the ground, lay a monster tree, somewhat imbedded in the soil. It was completely petrified and from the clean-cut fractures of the trunk, seemed to have fallen after its petrification. At its butt this tree was quite sixty feet in diameter. We measured its length with a tape line. It was just 666 feet long. No limbs remained, but in the trunk were clefts where, apparently limbs had broken off. Amber-like beads of petrified pitch or gum adhered to the sides of the trunk for a distance of one hundred feet or more. Where the trunk was broken squarely off the centre seemed transparent, and the growth-marks showed in beautiful concentric rings. Its natural appearance was handsomer than any dressed marble or mosaic I ever have seen, and we all expressed the opinion that it would make a wonderful floor and interior finish for some grand building.

"I don't often tell this story, because people do not believe it, but I could go to the place now without the least trouble and point out this wonder. Judge Courtney Talbot, of Tulare, was one of the party."—New York Evening Telegram.

Do Spiders Hear?

Experiments recently made with a tuning fork have convinced Mr. Pocock, an English naturalist, that some spiders at least really hear the sounds produced by the fork. Indeed, the conduct of spiders when a vibrating tuning fork is held near their webs is quite remarkable.

Some species, as for instance the ordinary garden spider, Epeira diadematа, will run at the fork and strike or snatch at it with their fore-legs.

The amaurobius, a spider which builds tubular webs in holes in walls, runs about in great excitement when the tuning fork is held near it. This spider can be enticed out of the hole by holding the fork near its entrance, and it will even climb upon the vibrating instrument.

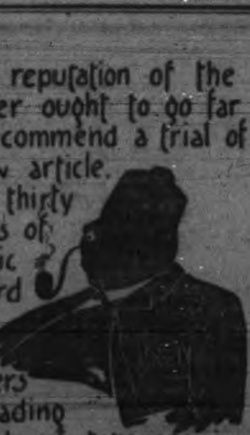
Another species of garden spider, which is smaller and handsomer than the epeira, always, according to Mr. Pocock, drops from its web in terror when a tuning fork is held over it. These spiders are the prey of wasps, and as they always drop from their webs on the approach of their insect enemy it has been suggested that they mistake the sound of the tuning fork for the humming of a wasp's wings.

But some observers do not assent to the conclusion that it is the sound of the fork which attracts the attention of the spiders. They think the vibration is conveyed through the air to the webs, and that the slight motion thus imparted is perceptible by the spiders.—Youth's Companion.

How strangely our ideas of growing old change as we get on in life. To the girl in her teens the riper maiden of 25 seems quite aged. Twenty-two thinks thirty-five an "old thing." Thirty-five dreads forty, but congratulates herself that there may still remain some ground to be possessed in the fifteen years before the half century shall be attained. But fifty does not by any means give up the battle of life. It feels middle aged and vigorous and thinks old age is a long way in the future. Sixty remembers those who have done great things at three score; and one doubts if Parr, when he married at 100, had at all begun to feel himself an old man. It is the desire of life in us which makes us feel young so long.

The severest cases of rheumatism, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Now is the time to take it. Hood's cures.

The reputation of the maker ought to go far to recommend a trial of a new article. Our thirty years of public record as makers of leading brands of tobaccos, is offered as a reason for your testing



MASTIFF PLUG CUT

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail at Colonial Hotel, Johnson street to John Slater.

THOS. TUGWELL.
Victoria, B. C., 9th May, 1894.

The Japanese Bazaar

NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street
VICTORIA, B. C.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $25 per barrel of 500 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatzfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68¼ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to Cora E. Tugwell of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Prince of Wales" Saloon, situate on the corner of Government and Cormorant street, in the city of Victoria.

JOSEPH MEUNIER.
Victoria, B.C., February 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the sittings of the Board to be held in June, 1894, for a license to sell by retail wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the part known as the basement of the building situate upon lots ten (10) and eleven (11), block seventy-seven (77), Victoria City, the Board of Trade Building.

WM. JENSEN.
Dated Victoria, B.C., May 7th, 1894. 20t

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $350; 2nd prize, $150.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 3-1m

W. J. HANNA,
Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 6-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $300 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 205 acres fenced; 80 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Foul Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 301.

A. WILLIAMS,
4 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL.
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fel2 s,m,t&w 1y]

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, '94.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PROVINCIAL METHODISTS.

Business of the Annual Conference at Vancouver Yesterday and To-Day.

Examination of Probationers—Election of Officers for Ensuing Year.

Vancouver, B. C., May 10.—The Methodist conference opened here yesterday morning in special ministerial session. All the ministerial members were present excepting those from the Fort Simpson district, who arrived during the afternoon. Besides these many of the probationers were present from various parts of the province.

The whole day was spent in the examination of ministerial characters and other routine work of this preparatory session. Two of the probationers were severely dealt with, one for imprudent conduct and the other for disseminating doctrines at variance with the standards of the church. An unusual number of probationers were passed and a full report of the various references in their cases will appear in a later issue.

The regular conference opened this afternoon, the president, Rev. Jos. Hall, in the chair. A goodly number of lay members came in, and after the opening devotions the conference proceeded to the election of its officers for the ensuing year. On the fourth ballot the Rev. T. W. Hall was elected to the presidential chair and Rev. W. W. Baer to be conference secretary, with Revs. C. A. Procunier and G. H. Morden assistants, with Rev. G. H. Raley journal secretary.

The hour from 11 to 12 was spent as a conference prayer meeting, and at noon the first draft of stations was laid on the table.

The following is the first draft of stations of ministers, subject to corrections:

Victoria District—Victoria, Pandora avenue, S. Cleaver, B. A; Victoria Centennial, Joseph Hall; C. Bryant, super.; Victoria, James Bay, E. Robson; Victoria West, James Turner; Victoria, Chinese, J. E. Gardner.

Saanich, James Calvert; Maple Bay, E. Manuel; Salt Spring Island, one to be sent.

Nanaimo, Wallace street, R. R. Maitland, L.L.B.; Haliburton street, S. Wilkinson; Nanaimo Chinese, to be supplied; Northfield, R. Wilkinson; Wellington, J. F. Southall; Union, J. O. Robson, B. A.; Cape Mudge and lumber camps to be supplied; Nitinat, W. J. Stone; R. J. Irwin to attend college.

Westminster district, New Westminster Central, T. W. Hall; R. Whittington, M. A., B. Sc., T. D. Pearson, super.; Sapperton, H. E. Bayley, B. A.; West End, J. P. Hicks; Chinese, Chan Sing Kai.

Vancouver, Homer street, C. Watson; J. H. White, secretary C. M. Col.; Princess street, W. W. Baer; Mount Pleasant, S. J. Thompson; Chinese, Lieu Yick Pang.

Howe Sound, to be supplied; Richmond, A. E. Green; Delta, C. H. M. Sutherland; Maple Ridge, W. Hicks; Mission City, G. H. Morden; Agassiz and Hot Springs, J. D. P. Knox; Surrey, J. P. Bowell; Langley, A. N. Miller; Aldergrove, A. J. Gathel; Sumas, J. W. Winslow; Chilliwack, C. Ladner; Cheam, W. E. Moody; Indian tribes, C. M. Tait and T. Neville.

Kamloops district, Kamloops, J. F. Betts; Thompson River, C. A.; Nicola, J. J. Ashton, B. A.; Clinton, P. C. L. Harris, B. A.; Salmon Arm, W. L. Hall; Revelstoke and Donald, C. A. Procunier; Enderby, W. D. Misener; one to be sent; Vernon, James A. Wood; Okanagan, J. Hicks; Similkameen, E. E. Hardwick; Nelson, one to be sent; Ainsworth and Kaslo, to be supplied; Slocan, one to be sent; Cariboo, to be supplied.

Simpson district, Port Simpson, Thos. Crosby; Naas, S. S. Osterhout; Bella Bella, G. F. Hopkins; Port Essington, D. Jennings; Q. C. Islands, B. C. Freeman; Upper Skeena, J. C. Spencer; Kitzegul, W. H. Pierce; Kit-a-maat, G. H. R.; Bella Coola, R. B. Beavis.

Brief Locals.

—A general meeting of the Albion Cricket club will be held in the office of Mr. Egresman, No. 34 Government street, on Friday, 11th inst., at 8 p.m.

—The choir of St. Mark's church, assisted by friends from the city, will give a social entertainment in the school house adjoining the church at 8 this evening.

—The Times has to acknowledge the receipt of half a dozen fine cocoanuts from Captain Walker, of the schooner Norma. The cocoanuts in the Norma's cargo are a selected lot, and are rapidly finding favor in this market.

—There is to be a big gathering at Nanaimo to-night in the interests of Jas. McGregor, the government candidate, and a special train is this afternoon whirling Premier Davie to the Coal City to lend his voice to the occasion. The premier, resplendent in a summer suit with hat to match, left on his special at 2.30. He will return on the regular train to-morrow at noon.

The Vancouver opposition convention last evening nominated Messrs. Cotton, Williams and McPherson. The latter is also the candidate of the labor element.

—The collier Wellington was launched from the marine railway at 6 o'clock last evening, and immediately departed for Nanaimo. The launching was accomplished with as much ease as was her docking.

—The coroner's jury in the case of the Chinaman found dead on the beach near the Indian burying-ground returned a verdict this afternoon of death from drowning. Dr. Laing gave evidence to that effect, and there were no marks of violence on the body.

—The ladies'committee of the Protestant Orphans' Home acknowledge the following donations in April: Milk, Mrs. Ross, Mr. Knowles (daily); plants and bulbs, Mrs. J. H. Todd; roots of flowers, Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. J. W. Williams; 10 dozen eggs, Mrs. J. D. Pemberton; clothing, Mrs. T. Earle, Mrs. Askew, Mr. Wolford, Mrs. Archibald, Mrs. Morrison; candies, Mrs. Siddall; Daily Colonist, Colonist company.

—The two jailers are indignant at the item in the morning paper that a charge had been laid against certain policemen for favoring some lawyers when prisoners required counsel to the exclusion of others. Jailer Allen, speaking for himself, said that the accusation must be made against Mr. Mitten, his fellow-jailer, or himself, since they alone have anything to do with the prisoners after arrest. Mr. Allen indignantly denies that such a preference has been shown by him, and says he is quite certain that Mr. Mitten has not done so.

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VICTORIA AND NEW WESTMINSTER,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN ALL KINDS OF.......

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125 GOVERNMENT ST.

THE ROYAL COMMISSION.

Mr. Beaven Addresses the Commissioners on the Investigation.

Shortly before 11 o'clock this morning the members of the royal commission took their seats and proceedings were at once commenced. There was a fair crowd of spectators, amongst whom were Hon. D. W. Higgins, Dr. Milne, M.P.P., John Grant, M.P.P., Dr. Macnaughton Jones, Arthur Dotton and several members of the legal profession. The court asked Mr. Beaven if he was ready to go on, and he said he was. He then commenced by saying that he was not at all conversant with the rules and orders of commissions, having been before them only once or twice in the capacity of a witness, and if he at any time transgressed it would be from no want of courtesy but rather the result of his inexperience. He desired to point out some of the extraordinary features connected with the appointment of the commission.

At this stage the attorney-general said that he understood that it was the wish of the commissioners that all information conveyed to them should be under oath, and if Mr. Beaven wished to convey any information it should be under oath, as he might desire to cross-examine.

The court said an opening statement was not generally made under oath. However, if Mr. Beaven gave any information as a witness it of course should be under oath.

Mr. Beaven said it was immaterial to him, and he went on without any oath being administered. What he was going to say was merely a matter of record. The circumstances under which the commission was appointed differed from all others he had ever heard of. If there is a charge, he said, that charge refers to the leader of the government, who himself drew the resolution and moved it in the house—in fact he draws his own indictment, which is rather a queer procedure. He was then proceeding to state that he quite understood the views that actuated the member for Nanaimo from absenting himself from the commission as he was not expected to go to the expense of coming here and employing counsel.

The court said he should come voluntarily, and said they could make him come. Had he come to them and asked for witness fees for himself and the witnesses he wished to call it was likely that they would have made some provision for the payment of his expenses.

Mr. Beaven then drew attention to the statute incorporating the Nakusp & Slocan railway company and the railway aid act, 1893. He went through these acts exhaustively. The matters to be investigated were first broached between the sessions of 1893 and 1894, and much unfavorable comment was made at the time on what was being done. If any suspicion that all was not right then existed it was afterwards increased by the action of the government in the house during last session. Mr. Semlin had moved for returns in connection with the matter and the resolution passed without opposition, but the returns were not brought down, but the attorney-general promised that they would be brought down in due time. Afterwards on February 20th the bill respecting the Nakusp & Slocan railway was brought down by message, and the same day Mr. Davie offered the returns asked for by Mr. Semlin's resolution of 31st January. Another circumstance to show the difficulty in obtaining information, Mr. Beaven pointed out, was that when the public accounts committee found the $118,000 item was paid to the government re the railway company under agreement, the member for Cassiar asked for the agreement and it could not be found, although both the provincial treasurer and the secretary were called before the committee. On the 7th of March Mr. Vernon brought down additional papers, thus showing that information was given piecemeal. On March 14th Mr. Sword moved for further information, asking for the names of shareholders in the railway company, who were the contractors, the estimate of the cost of the work, the copy of the contract under which the work was carried out, and the correspondence relating to the price for which the bonds could be sold.

To all these questions, he said, most indefinite answers were given by the attorney-general. On the 15th again a motion was made for information as to previous questions, showing that even at this late stage they were still without adequate information, although it might have been given immediately after the meeting of the house, as all the transactions were prior to September, 1893. He then proceeded to show what the government did in reference to the matter. The agreement of ninth of August was before the railway aid act came into force, as was also the agreement between the C. P. R. and the Nakusp & Slocan railway company, another significant feature. By the act the government could only ratify the agreement with the approval of the lieutenant-governor by order-in-council and there was no such order-in-council. Might it not be argued, said Mr. Beaven, that the lieutenant-governor had refused? Under the agreement the C. P. R. had the right to furnish old or used rails to the N. & S. railway company at the market price of the new article at Revelstoke. There was also an assignment of all benefits under the agreement to the chief commissioner of lands and works. Judge Burbidge here said that the agreement had been ratified and asked Mr. Beaven if the circumstance of the irregularity of the dates showed any corrupt intention or whether it was only a formality over-looked.

Mr. Beaven said it indicated that the whole agreement was never properly ratified.

The chief justice said it might be that there was a mistake in dates grossly irregular. The question is was the agreement of August 9th obtained by corrupt motives. The act may be most unwise and pernicious in the interests of the province but that was not within the scope of the enquiry.

Mr. Beaven then went on to say that the bond as required by the act should have the approval of the lieutenant-governor-in-council, which had never been obtained.

The court then adjourned until two o'clock to-morrow.

Boys' Lacrosse Shoes 75c.,
At Russell & McDonald's.

A person is prematurely old when baldness occurs before the forty-fifth year. Use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep the scalp healthy and prevent baldness.

Perished in the Woods.

Moncton, N. B., May 10.—News of a drowning accident comes from the north-west of Mirimichi, on April 10th last Robert Ellis, C. E., left Bathurst, accompanied by a Frenchman named Lazore Pete, on a surveying expedition for Senator Kennedy F. Burns. Their catamaran parted, going to opposite sides of the swift flowing river, which had been swollen by spring rains. They were unable to get together again, and after wandering in the woods for four days without food, Lazore Pete came out at a settlement in a famished condition. Nothing was heard from Ellis until yesterday, when his body was found on the shore. He had evidently been drowned in an attempt to swim across the river.

Ayer's Hair Vigor restores natural color to the hair, by stimulating a healthy action of the scalp. This preparation also produces a vigorous growth of the hair, and gives it a beautiful lustre and youthful appearance. Recommended by physicians, clergymen, and scientists.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs A Proctor and sister, P A Paulson, Mrs Stegman, Lo Toon, Mrs G H Lent, G Wright and wife, D M La Porte, G S Hocker, C B Hurd, Capt McIntyre, Frank Plurt, Rev J D Rankin and wife, E Hazel, F J Cuby, F J Nibling, S D Barrett, S Dunn, Geo Holcombe, Rev Oblain, J Withrius, D Magill, P C Kane, W G Evans, E Boyle, H Durham, Mrs McKinley, W G Evans, E Baylis, E P Bulmer, J B Bailey, Capt Fraser, S J Burton, S Smith, T G Wrede, J C Francis, G Vine, T Wicking, B Mayer, E R Day, H Waber, Jas Foley, J K Frie.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—W R Wheeler, W A S White, J Raymond, A McLeod, Mrs J W Smith, A Byrne, A C Martin, F Gasson, A McQueen, J Macaulay, J H Langley, W Marchant, J R Greenfield, Capt Webster, D W Gillies, Dr Milne, J McMartin, H McKay Fripp, G T Legg, C Wain, Mrs Wain, F A Richardson, J T Beitham, Miss Ryan, Mrs Mundorf, Jas McQuinney, Capt Soule, George Wenner, Rev Dr Campbell, W C Cunningham, Mrs J H Hudson, W Collan, W S Clowston, A Grealer, A G Bennett, Frank Higgins, G A Hanson, Ed Walter, A O Billings, T Patterson, Hugh F Hamon, H Wright, T R Robinson, G M Oakes, Sergt Langley, Officer Hutchenson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—Henry Young & Co, Crowder Provero, F Wrinkler, G Stanton, Stewart & Southwaite, S Leiser, P Nicholas, M & L Young, J Boscowitz, Zuccklli Donato, B Van Volkenburg, Porter & Son, Vajo & Brooks.

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Ladies' Prunella Congress Shoes 75c.,
At Russell & McDonald's.

MARRIED.

INNES-CHRISTIE—At St. James church, Victoria, B. C., on Wednesday, May 9, by Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, Alexander Scott Innes, of London, England, to Annie Crichton, second daughter of Rev. James Christie, Victoria.

McRAE-EDDIE—At the Manse, 173 Pandora avenue, in the presence of a number of friends, by the Rev. Dr. Campbell, on Wednesday evening, Mr. A. S. McRae to Miss Annie Eddie.

Insomnia is fearfully on the increase. The rush and excitement of modern life so tax the nervous system that multitudes of people are deprived of good and sufficient sleep, with ruinous consequence to the nerves. Remember, Ayer's Sarsaparilla makes the weak strong.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has Attained An Enormous And Still Increasing Sale.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

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Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought 30 per cent. below cost price..........

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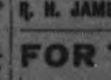

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Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports on

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At 7 p. m., from Spratt's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to
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A Beautiful Gown.

It is a frequent experience with ladies that when the dress is bought with care, and made with taste, some indefinable thing is lacking to give it the perfect touch of beauty. It is the supplying of this that has made

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

PRIESTLEY'S DRESS FABRICS

universally esteemed. Priestley's Black Dress Goods, made in Henriettas, Crape Cloths, etc., are such a cunning and effective blend of silk and wool that when the dress is made it drapes in perfect gracefulness, giving to the figure that charm without which the costliest dress that Worth ever made is a mere distress.

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Of the Well Known

LIBERTY ART FABRICS

From "LIBERTY'S," London, Eng, Comprising

Art Cretonnes,
Art Crepe Muslins, All Colors;
Art Crepe Cloth, Figured;
Art Muslins, Single and Double Widths;
Light Silk Brocades, Etc.

NOTE—You will find the above to be the prettiest and the most effective goods (of their kind) ever seen in Victoria. The well known Fabrics by Liberty, of London, are always appreciated by lovers of art. Come and See These Goods.

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Queen's Birthday Celebration.

IF you are too late for a BOAT get some of

PENDRAY'S IVORY SOAP

It floats upon the water and is the best SOAP for the BATH.

Ask Your Grocer for Pendray's

And don't be put off with another kind, for PENDRAY'S is the best.

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Flowers Plants and Goods

Per S. S. Empress of India from Japan and are now on view at the Store, a Fine Assorted Variety of Japanese Flowers and Plants of over FORTY DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS of rare beauty. Also a great variety of Japanese lanterns.

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Seeds THAT WILL GROW is what you require if you would have a bountiful crop of Vegetables and Flowers. We can supply you with the best seed in all varieties. Also thousands of

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Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures. Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.